

The Wetaskiwin Times

VOL. XXIV, No. 26

WETASKIWIN, ALBERTA, THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1924

V. C. French, Publisher

PUBLIC SCHOOL BOARD WILL PURCHASE COAL

Grade VI. Moved to King Edward School to Make Room for High School. Remuneration for Substitute Teachers set. Appointment of Teachers is Confirmed.

The regular meeting of the public school board was held in the library on Thursday evening, Sept. 11th, with all the members in attendance.

The minutes of the last regular and two special meetings were read and adopted.

A letter from David James & Sons giving prices on coal supply, was referred to the committee on purchasing.

The Medicine Hat school board presented a resolution against the present system of marking examination papers, which was read and filed.

The secretary was instructed to reply to a communication from the City, Sask., asking for information regarding teachers, salaries, etc.

A letter from the department of education regarding return of forms giving information about the school was filed.

The question of coal supply for the schools was then discussed, when it was agreed that, on account of the dissatisfaction in purchasing coal through the city, that the purchasing committee be instructed to buy the necessary coal for the schools.

Accounts to the amount of \$101.51 were passed for payment.

The appointments of Mr. H. J. Stephens, B.A., and Miss Borden B.A. to the high school staff were confirmed.

It was agreed that the remuneration paid substitute teachers be \$4.50 a day, and \$3.50 per day be paid to students while engaged in teaching.

The matter of purchasing swings and teters for both schools was referred to the purchasing committee with power to act.

It was agreed that grade VI be moved to the King Edward school, commencing on Monday, September 22nd.

REGULAR MEETING OF HOSPITAL BOARD

The regular monthly meeting of the hospital board was held on Wednesday, September 10th, with Chairman C. Smith, Mrs. Hogan, Mrs. Rodell, Messrs. Montgomery, Gohard Neville and Parker present.

After the minutes of the last meeting had been submitted and approved, the Auditors' report was read, stating that a complete audit of the books had been made up to June 30, and all receipts and disbursements accounted for.

For the three months current, accounts had been collected amounting to \$1454.45 and \$555.85 of old accounts making a total received of \$2010.25.

The expenses of conducting the hospital for the three months amounted to \$2754.28, leaving a debit balance of \$739.99 to be met by the provincial and municipal and other grants.

The matron reported seventeen patients admitted during the month of August, in addition to the five in the hospital on the first of the month, the total number of hospital days for August being 151.

There had been 11 surgical cases, 5 medical and 10 operations during the month.

It was agreed by the board to have an electric globe or sign put over the front door, with the word "Hospital" which may be easily seen at night.

Accounts amounting to \$22.70 for the month were passed for payment.

The Finance committee reported that \$360 had been paid to the hospital by the city on account of grant.

The chairman appointed B. M. Parker and Mrs. Hogan visiting committee for the current month.

It was agreed that the chairman invite Senator Loughheed to visit the hospital on Hospital Day; after which the meeting adjourned.

W. I. CONVENTION

The district convention of the Women's Institute was being held in the Parish hall on Wednesday of this week, and quite a number of visitors are in attendance. We will give a complete report of the convention in our next issue.

15th, to make room for the fifth room to be used for high school purposes.

During the meeting of Trustees McColgan and McMurdo were appointed to procure equipment for school sports.

Meeting adjourned.

ENGINEERS REPORT ON PIGEON LAKE WATER SCHEME

Considerable progress was made last evening with the formulation of a sound working basis for the continuation of the discussion of the proposed Pigeon Lake water supply scheme when that matter came up before the finance committee of the city council.

At the last meeting a deadlock was reached on the question of the adequacy of the supply to meet the needs of the city and its ultimate growth, and a special committee of the city engineers was appointed to go into the matter thoroughly and report back to the committee.

This report was tabled last night, and the result found by Messrs. Hadwood, Cunningham and Turner, the city representatives, was that the water supply was sufficient for the requirements of the city.

It was also brought out at the last meeting that the quality of the water might not be up to the standard required for a public water, as the city engineer had discovered the presence of a considerable quantity of algae. The 'city engineer' submitted in his report that the water would be of a quality suitable for public consumption if properly treated and filtered.

R. B. Owens, provincial sanitary engineer, in an exhaustive report on the quality of the water, dealt with the presence of algae in the Pigeon Lake water, and stated that his considered opinion was that the water would only have to be filtered to make it safe for public consumption, and that the water of the lake was as good if not better than most filtered waters.

The analysis of this water shows that Pigeon Lake water is the best raw water in Alberta and amongst the very best in the Dominion of Canada.

There is a little algae in the water, continues Mr. Owens' report, but it is not so much as to be a cause for concern. Their development upon material furnishing nitrogen. The presence of algae in any water simply indicates the existence of spring water.

The more presence of algae in this water is in the opinion of experts a safe-guard against the growth of vegetation hostile to bacterial life.

Mr. Owens' report is strongly opposed to the present system of chlorination of water. It is not generally used in the British Isles; but it is successful in America by reason of the fact that in America water for domestic use is procured principally from rivers, which are, as a rule, polluted. In England, water for domestic use is obtained from lakes, the head waters of rivers, or from deep wells. Where water is produced for domestic purposes in the old country from rivers the municipalities or corporations producing it store the water even at a very great cost, with a view to the destruction of bacteria by the simple lapse of time rather than submit it to chlorination.

It has been proved that men who have to do hard physical work will not tolerate chlorinated water. Nature seems to rebel against it and probably not without cause, continues the report.

The water of Pigeon Lake is right for drinking purposes in its natural and drinking purposes.

Mr. Owens further pointed out that the present sewerage system of Edmonton would have to be altered in the near future to take care of the requirements of the city, if the water for drinking purposes is to be taken from the river, and Engineer Hadwood concurred in this, but he would not state this would have to be done. It is a fact, however, that at some future date there will have to be a considerable amount of capital expenditure on alterations to the present sewerage system, and there are also considerable number of other items of expense entering into this question which the city will have to face, which should make the Pigeon Lake scheme an attractive one.—Bulletin.

WEDDINGS

HODGES—GIBBON

A quiet wedding took place on Sept. 13rd, at the home of Rev. J. Rex Brown, Calgary, when Miss Agnes Vivienne Gibbon, of Wetaskiwin, became the bride of Robert Bain Hodges of New Norway, Alberta, the Rev. Brown officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Hodges left for a honeymoon trip to Seattle, and on their return will reside on the groom's ranch near New Norway.

MCCULLOUGH—WATSON

A quiet wedding was solemnized at the Presbyterian Manse, Wetaskiwin, on Friday, Sept. 12th, at 11 a.m. when Janet T. W. Watson, of this city, was united in marriage with Reed Finlay McCullough, of Calgary. The ceremony was performed in the presence of the immediate family friends, Rev. A. L. Elliott officiating. The happy young couple left for a motor trip, after which they will make their home at Calgary.

LADY BOWLERS

ENTERTAINED

C.P.R. VISITORS

The Wetaskiwin Ladies' Lawn Bowling Club entertained three rink of the C.P.R. Ladies Bowling Club, of Strathcona on Thursday last. The visitors were met at the station by a committee consisting of Messdames McColgan, MacFarlane, Kirsten, Baker and McIlhenny. After a light lunch, the lady bowlers gathered at the bowling green, where some interesting games were played during the afternoon, resulting in a victory for the local rink.

After the games the ladies were regaled at the home of Mrs. P. Chisholm, where a delicious supper was served for all the players. The table was beautifully decorated with asters, sweet peas and stocks. Mrs. Brock, president of the visiting club, in a few well chosen words thanked the Wetaskiwin ladies for their hospitality, to which Mrs. McColgan, president of the local club, suitably responded. Mrs. Edwards, in her usual good style, sang a solo with Mrs. Kappelle as accompanist. The visitors were then escorted to the evening train.

The party included, Mrs. Balla, Mrs. Edwards, Mrs. Hayward, Mrs. Brock, skip; Mrs. Hornbeck, Mrs. Kelly, Mrs. Fenton, Mrs. Taylor, skip; Mrs. Kappelle, Mrs. Clarke, Mrs. Kent, Mrs. Brown, skip; and Mrs. Porter.

SEVEN PER CENT HAIL RATE LIKELY

Calgary, Sept. 16.—Although the annual premium rate under the hail insurance board of Alberta for the year 1924 cannot be set until September 16, according to the act, it is expected that it will be somewhere close to seven per cent. A meeting of the directors of the board was held Monday afternoon, when this question was considered. Before the meeting commenced, A. H. Torell, the manager of the board, in reply to a question, stated that the rate for this year would probably be about 7 per cent. The business transacted was as follows:

	No. of Acres	Per Cent
Insured for entire season	90,529	8
	52,110	8
	748,002	10

	No. of Acres	Per Cent
Insured for part of season	12,290	6
	5,752	8
	50,660	10

These figures give a total of 565,415 acres altogether, compared with 230,000 acres last year.

The total awards are close upon \$480,000. This represents about an average loss for the province. It is heavier than in 1919, 1920 and 1921, but considerably less than in 1922 and 1923.

During the past week Jas. Schreldes took a four passenger coupe to visit. Marks of fourfold.

At the date there will have to be a considerable amount of capital expenditure on alterations to the present sewerage system, and there are also considerable number of other items of expense entering into this question which the city will have to face, which should make the Pigeon Lake scheme an attractive one.—Bulletin.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Somers and daughter, who have been spending a couple of months in the south as Mexico, returned home Friday night. They had a most enjoyable holiday.

FIRST LOAD OF WHEAT HARVESTED

On Wednesday afternoon of this week, Anthony Hladik brought to the MacEachern Milling Co., the first load of new wheat to be marketed this year. Mr. Hladik was awarded 35 per cent hail damage to his crop this year, but notwithstanding this loss, his load graded No. 3. It was of the Marquis variety.

Used Forged Papers Of Liquor Board To Get Money, is Alleged

Hold under a warrant for attempting to obtain money under false pretenses from H. A. Blair, hotelkeeper of Stettler, and facing a charge to be preferred by the liquor enforcement branch, of impersonating a police officer, James McGuire, an insurance broker and bookkeeper of Stettler, Alberta, was taken to Edmonton on Tuesday by the provincial police. He appeared before sub-inspector Harris on Wednesday morning and was given a remand for eight days to Stettler. Shortly after his hearing he was taken ill with stomach trouble and removed to a hospital for treatment.

McGuire, it is alleged, assumed the name of McManus and it is asserted by the police that he has been operating in central Alberta towns for some days before his arrest at Lacombe. In his possession, the police found a document on which and a letter head of the liquor control board and purporting to be signed by the secretary, stating that he was an employee of the board.

It would appear, according to evidence in possession of the police that McGuire had been in possession of a good graft in connection with the liquor importation branch and started out to work several of the hotels of the province. His scheme was to drift into a town, visit the hotels and show the proprietor alleged forged credentials, which he opened to see some violation on the part of the hotelkeepers, it was all right if the victims would come across with some "hush money". If nothing was secured, it is alleged, McGuire would trump up some infraction and then tell the hotelkeeper that if he did not want his license revoked, he had better come through with some money.

The would-be police officer did not get very far, as he ran up against a snag in Mr. Inskip of the Adelphi hotel in Lacombe. He broke the news to Inskip, the latter says, that he had sworn affidavits had been lodged against him with his authorities and that it was in his power to quell the disturbance. He also told Mr. Inskip that the hotelkeeper at Stettler had offered him \$25 to hush up something but that this was not enough money.

As Inskip however, had nothing to fear, he told McGuire that he would sue everyone who sent in the affidavits.

This frightened the man, and he left for points east. "Scotty" McPherson, of the A.P.P. at Stettler, got on his trail and landed him. He was taken to Edmonton. McGuire, it is stated, had all sorts of documentary evidence that he was a member of the liquor staff, having procured a supply of stationery belonging to the liquor department, and having names which were forged, attached.—Journal

Flowers from Mrs. H. J. Montgomery, Mr. Munro, Mr. Somers, Mr. Harrie, Mrs. Boyer and Mrs. Barry. Seven gallons of milk and one bushel of potatoes from Geoffrey Baker. One set embroidered stand covers from Scandinavian hospital aid.

Cream from Wetaskiwin Creamery Co., for hospital day.

The matron and staff also desire to thank the Hospital Aid Society and all others who assisted in any way to make the hospital day a success.

**LACOMBE HOLDS
ANNUAL SERVICE
FOR WAR HEROES**

Lacombe, Sept. 17.—The annual decoration and memorial service day to the memory of the men who gave their lives in the Great War was held on Sunday at the cemetery. The organizers, the Lest We Forget Club, this year had the assistance of the R.R.s and the L.O.D.E. The contributions of flowers were many, featuring beautiful designs. Mayor Simpson and Rev. Mr. Leyton of St. Andrew's church were the principal speakers. Both speakers gave splendid addresses, which were listened to with great attention by the crowd of over 600 who attended. Professor Toulche led in the singing. The local G.V.V.A. command, under the charge of vice president James Craigie, attended in full force.

Axel Skoggaard the Danish violinist will give a concert in Wetaskiwin on November 10th. Note the date.

OBITUARY

MRS. J. A. McRAE

The funeral of Mary, beloved wife of Mr. John A. McRae of Westeros, was held from the Roman Catholic church on Saturday, service being conducted by Rev. Father Walraven. The late Mrs. McRae was born in Ontario fifty years ago, and came with her husband to the Wetaskiwin district some twenty years ago, settling at Westeros. For a number of years she assisted her sorrowing husband in the management of the store and post office at Westeros. As announced last week, deceased came to the Wetaskiwin hospital for an operation for appendicitis, when it was found that the case was complicated and much more serious than expected before the operation commenced. Little hope could be held out for her recovery, and she passed away on Wednesday morning.

Deceased leaves to mourn her loss a husband and one sister, Mrs. Thos. Steadman, and a very large circle of friends and acquaintances.

The funeral was largely attended, friends coming in large number from the Pigeon Lake district to join the Wetaskiwin friends in paying their last tribute of respect to the departed. The floral tributes were especially beautiful and numerous. The interment took place in the Wetaskiwin R.C. cemetery.

CALGARY DECIDES TO KEEP SABBATH

Calgary, Sept. 16.—Calgary garages effective next Sunday, will be prohibited from selling gasoline and oil and doing any repair work, which will probably mean a shut down of all local garages. Chief of Police David Ritchie announces. This action has been taken following several complaints received from officials of the Lord's Day Alliance, who declare the Lord's Day activity has not been enforced.

Instructions have been issued to police constables and members of the detective force to notify garages to this effect and violations, including will be issued this week.

Local garages have been issuing gasoline on Sundays for years. Some years ago action was taken in Edmonton, and no more gasoline was sold. It is stated that this has been contrary to the Lord's Day act.

DONATIONS ARE ACKNOWLEDGED

The matron at the hospital desires to publicly acknowledge receipt of the following donations, which have been recently received.

Two dozen coat hangers and six straight blenders from the Ladies' hospital aid.

Flowers from Mrs. H. J. Montgomery, Mr. Munro, Mr. Somers, Mr. Harrie, Mrs. Boyer and Mrs. Barry. Seven gallons of milk and one bushel of potatoes from Geoffrey Baker. One set embroidered stand covers from Scandinavian hospital aid.

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FINANCIALLY, WETASKIWIN IS BEST CITY IN ALBERTA

Instructive Address on Wetaskiwin Charter and how the Citizens are Governed. Different Methods of Collecting Taxes. Address is Followed by Discussion.

The Wetaskiwin Kiwanis Club held another good meeting on Tuesday evening in the banquet room of the Grand hotel. Several visitors were present and were introduced to the meeting. Kiwanian A. S. Rosenroth was the chairman for the evening, and Kiwanian Charlie Russell, the

president, gave a very interesting and instructive address on the Wetaskiwin charter.

In introducing the topic for discussion, Kiwanian Russell pointed out that one of the objects of Kiwanis was to promote a better type of citizenship, therefore it was quite in order to consider how the citizens of a city are governed. The speaker then referred to the British North America Act, which gave the Dominion and provincial governments certain powers. All cities derive their power to legislate from the provincial governments. Wetaskiwin was given its charter by the Alberta government in 1906, and this statute empowers the council to enact certain legislation for the government of the citizens. In addition to this the Municipal Ordinance stipulates that certain things must be done. Since 1906, the charter has been amended and re-amended several times, until now it is often difficult to find out some point. A suggestion was made to the government printer that the amendments should be consolidated, but it was found that the cost would be prohibitive. An effort had been made to have a uniform charter for all of Alberta's cities, but on account of the diversified conditions nothing has yet been accomplished along that line.

The qualifications of voters and the qualifications for election to the office of mayor and aldermen were also discussed.

The sections of the act referring to taxes were then explained. The city had power to impose taxes up to 40 mills on the dollar outside of school taxes. All land and buildings could be assessed up to 75 per cent of their value. The assessment could not be disturbed at a court of revision if the assessment was equitable. In 1920 the automobile assessment was started, and in 1922 the method of business tax was changed from floor space to rental value of the building. The income tax was changed to a service tax by amendment in 1921, and is now based on the earnings of the person.

The different methods of collecting taxes are: 1, by suit like any ordinary debt; 2, by distress or seizure of goods or property; 3, by taking of the property itself under the Tax Recovery act.

A proper bylaw is just as effective and operative as an act passed by the parliament of Canada.

The speaker concluded a very interesting address by explaining the procedure to have the Wetaskiwin charter amended.

A general discussion followed, in which it was brought out that Wetaskiwin is today rated financially as one of the best cities in western Canada, and is in the best financial position of any city in Alberta.

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HOSPITAL DAY WAS VERY SUCCESSFUL

Saturday last was Hospital Day in Wetaskiwin, and many of the citizens took advantage of the opportunity to visit the hospital. They were welcomed by members of the Hospital Aid Society and were escorted through the building by Mr. Curt Smith, chairman of the hospital board and by members of the staff. Everything was found to be clean and neat, and the opinion of everyone that the hospital is now a great credit to the city and worthy of the support of the public. The nurses' sitting room, where tea was served, had been tastefully decorated for the occasion, the receipts from the tea amounting to about \$15.00.

LACOMBE BOY FOUND

Regina, Sept. 15.—Ronald, 13 year old son of C. Bellis, who disappeared from his home at Lacombe recently, has been turned in charge by the Swift current train. They were welcomed by members of the Hospital Aid Society and were escorted through the building by Mr. Curt Smith, chairman of the hospital board and by members of the staff. Everything was found to be clean and neat, and the opinion of everyone that the hospital is now a great credit to the city and worthy of the support of the public. The nurses' sitting room, where tea was served, had been tastefully decorated for the occasion, the receipts from the tea amounting to about \$15.00.

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PROFESSIONAL

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C. N. GUNDESEN, M.D., M.C., L.M.C.C.
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OUR TRIP TO EUROPE

(Continued from last week)

On the morning of July 3rd, we left Paddington station for Weymouth, by special train supplied by the Admiralty, where we were most hospitably received by the officials of that city, as well as by officers in the fleet. The members of the Maconic order had a further reception, when they were conducted to the oldest lodge room in the county, and were served a sumptuous luncheon after being conducted through the lodge room and shown many things of particular interest to members of the craft.

Our visit to Weymouth was for the purpose of inspecting the grand fleet of Britain, which was, naturally, of very great interest to us. This was a very great honor and privilege accorded the Canadian party and was very much appreciated.

Weymouth lies on the south coast of England and has a wonderfully fine harbor, being all closed in, with the exception of two passages, which can be closed when necessary requires. This provides an absolutely safe harbor. When we arrived, there were some eighty battleships, destroyers, cruisers, mine-carriers, submarines, and all manner of ships used by the navy. Six or eight big battleships, among them the Queen Elizabeth, Admiral de Robeck's flagship, which took part in the bombardment of the Dardanelles, made an imposing sight, and the big fleet of smaller vessels were a fitting complement to this array of some of Britain's most perfect men-of-war.

We were taken on board a steamer and had a lengthy sail about the harbor and among the vessels of the fleet, having the opportunity to study them at close range. It was announced that the Admiral had invited the party to come on board the Queen Elizabeth for tea, but a sudden squall, which was so rough that it was considered too dangerous to try to take us on board. Hence we had to be content with a close view of this largest battleship in the navy.

Everything was of course, new and most interesting to us. We saw several submarines, and two of them at the Admiral's request, went through various manoeuvres, one of them submerging and emerging again. Another vessel that created much interest, was the Agamemnon, once a large battleship, now used as a target ship for firing practice. All its armorplates and sides are heavily armored, and it is fitted up with such equipment that it can be driven and directed by wireless, without any person being on board, for to be on the vessel during firing practice would be dangerous. The shells which are fired are not explosive but make sufficient of a mark to indicate how accurate has been the firing. We were told that one day for a short time the wireless apparatus went out of commission and the Agamemnon ran into a lighthouse before it could be got under control again. It is directed from a small steamer which keeps at a considerable distance during the practice of the gunners.

Some of the party who did not go to Weymouth, spent the day sight-seeing and shopping. Among the places visited was Madame Tussaud's Wax Works. This was certainly a very interesting, but weird place-like. The wax figures are very life-like, and many of the visitors ask the wax policeman and lady with moustache at the entrance for information. The body of a lady is reclining in a coffin, evidently prepared for burial, and as the visitor is looking at her, he is startled to see her apparently breathing (the clothes on her breast being raised and lowered by a mechanical device). In the works are all the well-known statesmen, poets, writers, authors, kings and queens, etc. In the Chamber of Horrors are the notorious criminals, and in the Children's Room are very stories much on lines in the Wood.

Next morning we paid a visit to the Tower of London. This is in the form of an old fortress. It once had a moat and a drawbridge. In fact the drawbridge is still there and in working order. We went into the bloody tower, where the two prisoners, sons of Edward IV, were put to death, and where Sir Walter Raleigh spent twelve years of his life. During that time he wrote his history of the world. There is also a stone paraded outside his cell, which is called the "Bloody Wall," and along which he used to walk for exercise. Other prisoners here were Bishop Crammer, Latimer and Ridley, also Judge Jeffries.

We visited Whitehall Tower, built by Henry III, where the crown jewels are on display in a large glass case. Among the many wonderful things is the royal sceptre adorned with the largest diamond in the world. It appeared to be larger than a hen's egg. Queen Mary's state crown contained

the famous Koh-i-Noor diamond, presented to Queen Victoria by the East India Co.

The White Tower is very old, dating back to 1078. In it are a number of old relics, mostly armours. There is a horse armour showing how the cavalry went to war in the 16th and 17th centuries. There is a fine old chapel on the top floor—St. John's Chapel—one of the most perfect examples of Norman architecture in all of England.

Near Beuchamp Tower (Becham) is Tower Green. On the north is the Church of St. Peter ad Vincula, containing many interesting things. Here the guide told us some very horrible tales of days gone by. Outside, an enclosure marks the spot where a general was executed. Here so many were executed—Anne Boleyn, Catherine Howard, Lady Jane Grey, and others among them. Most of the offenders of the king were hanged on Tower Hill, outside the walls.

We had lunch at Ye Olde Cheshire Cheese. This is a very old-fashioned English alehouse, established in the year 1667. Johnstone, who completed the dictionary, and many other eminent literary men, frequented the place in their day. The stone steps remain in old atmosphere. The lunch was excellent, especially the fish. The place is famous for its larks' pie, and the famous ale is served in large old tankards.

After lunch we went through St. Paul's Cathedral, the first Protestant church to be erected in England. It is built in the form of a Latin cross, and dates from the year 1675. It was planned by the great English architect, Sir Christopher Wren, following the great fire of London in 1666. It was 22 years in building and was opened in 1697. It contains the tombs and monuments of many famous men. The Whispering Gallery, up in the lower part of the dome is unique. It is 102 feet across, but the acoustic properties are such that a whisper on one side is distinctly heard on the other. From the top of the tower, one gets the best view of the ground, a wonderful view of the city of London and its suburbs.

We next visited the National Art Gallery, which contains the very best works of the very best artists of every school. Titian is there, and Reynolds, Romney, Gainsborough, Turner, Whistler, Van Dyck, Rubens, Velasquez, and many others.

Saturday, July 6th, was a day which will never be forgotten by the Canadian Press Party. Our program included that the forenoon would be "at leisure," but in the afternoon we were all commanded to attend the garden party given by the King and Queen at Buckingham Palace. We were passed through the Grand Entrance and walked around in and in front of the great hall of the palace, where we were assembled awaiting the appearance of Their Majesties. The gardens are truly wonderful. The lawns are like velvet, with here and there banks of flowers against a background of beautiful shrubs and trees, winding walks, wide spaces, sloping greens from which a sparkling brook could be seen—it was all very fine and stately. A lady's garden should be. All down one side and across the end of a large square was a covered pavilion, where dainty refreshments were served. A short distance from the pavilion was a large marquee, reserved for the diplomatic corps, where the royal party had their refreshments. Several bands played in different parts of the grounds, making a flare of color in their scarlet coats and bushy hats. The lawn was alive with people that afternoon, as ten thousand had been added by Their Majesties to the party and it was a brilliant sight indeed to see them moving about the grounds—the ladies in the most stunning gowns and the men in sober morning dress.

The press party were grouped together and the King and Queen and their retinue passed in front of us. The men stood with bare heads, and the women curtsied. As they walked past the party, about thirty were individually presented and had a brief conversation with Their Majesties. The four to be presented from Alberta were Mr. Charles Clarke of the High River Times; Mr. John McKenzie of the Strathmore Standard, and Mr. and Mrs. V. C. French of the Wetaskiwin Times. Considering that out of about ten thousand guests present only three or four hundred were presented, we felt it to be a very distinct honor indeed. We knew of several members of the party who are keeping autographed collars, gloves, etc., worn on the occasion, as mementoes of the great event.

After taking dinner in the home of a relative, we concluded a very enjoyable day by attending the play "It Pays to Advertise," in the evening. On Sunday, July 6th, we left the hotel by charabanc for Richmond Bridge, where we boarded a launch provided by Mr. Y. Knapp and Mr. Brewster and sailed down the Thames to Hampton Court. It was a delightful sail, the banks on either side being dotted with pretty summer cottages and houseboats gay with flowers. Arriving at the palace we went through the court yard and into the gardens to see some of their beauties. The palace was founded by Cardinal Wolsey in 1515 and is considered the largest and in some respects the finest of all the royal palaces in England. In 1529 Cardinal Wolsey gave the palace to Henry VIII (under great protest it is said), because Henry VIII had a great liking for the place and usually succeeded in getting what he wanted. Here Henry VIII passed much of his time with his succession of wives. In the garden are many beautiful fountains. We walked through Queen Mary's bowers, walk made of arched trees. The Great Vine, a marvellous grape vine, planted in 1535 and has grown and flourished until now the main branch is 11 ft. long. Last year 1290 bunches of grapes were gathered from it. The first gates at the entrance are very fine. The gates are of wrought iron, while the huge stone pillars on either side are topped with great lions, which Queen Anne caused to be placed there. Leaving Hampton Court we proceeded to Harefield, where we were entertained at luncheon by Colonel Grant Gordon and Mrs. Gordon. The Canadian Rifle team were also guests (we were very glad to hear later that a member of the team, Desmond Harte, had been awarded a King's medal). The Earl of Bitchenden, the Right Hon. T. P. O'Connor made very fine speeches, though very different in their viewpoints. The Earl is a Protectionist, while T.P. is very much of an Imperialist.

After lunch we drove to Hall Barn, and spent a most delightful afternoon as the guests of Lord and Lady Burnham. The very atmosphere was full of the splendid hospitality which radiated from our good friends. The grounds are unique in that the sloping lawn in front of the manor house is the first to be laid in England and are a blending of Dutch and French taste. The lawn which was large and square, was started in 1710 and is now a most beautiful velvet green. It gradually slopes down to a square fountain. Sweeping around to the right of the manor is a wide hedge two hundred years old. There is a doorway in the hedge where one can enter and walk along a shady bower inside the hedge. Going up another path lined with an orderly row of statues on one side and an immense yew and holly hedge on the other, we came to a tiny summer house where Edmund Waller, poet, was wont to sit, and looking out upon the charming vista gather inspiration for his work.

The old place dates back to 1440 and has many historical associations, mostly with poets and writers. John Milton, the blind poet, lived near it and it is thought he wrote his Paradise Regained in a grotto in the grove beyond the stretch of lawn. The great Edmund Waller bought the place in 1624. He was the first poet to the navy and wrote many odes to the power of the Britons at sea. Edmund Burke also lived in these surroundings.

We had tea in the Hall Barn. It was originally a barn, but it is now beautifully fitted up and has fine French tapestries on the walls. We had the party of two hundred guests quite comfortably. A little personal touch which we cannot pass without mention is the fact that our hosts waited upon us, and we shall not forget the genial faces of Lord Burnham and Sir Harry Brittain, who "trussed" tea and strawberries, while

Lady Burnham, Lady Nevins, and others, left nothing undone that might add to our comfort. When we left this lovely English home it was with a feeling that we were leaving real friends and that memory of our delightful afternoon would long remain with us.

We were taken in motor coaches to Kenley Aerodrome, Kent, where a flying demonstration was put on for us. As soon as we reached the barracks we were conducted through the huts, dining halls, workshops and hangars, which all proved very interesting and instructive. The pilots at this base are all experts, and they showed us a number of manoeuvres which were positively fascinating to watch, such as looping, spinning, rolling, flying on back, etc. They also illustrated formation flying, tail-chasing, bombing, and firing as it should be done. An invitation was then extended and an opportunity was given to all members of the party who desired to make a short flight. To the great surprise and inconvenience of the officers, only seven of us wanted to "go up in the air." It was not possible in the short time at our disposal for every member of the party to be accommodated, but the editor and wife were able to make the flight. It created a great thrill to be taken to an altitude of about 1000 feet, but it gave us an excellent view of beautiful rural England.

From Kenley we motored to Hever Castle, where we were most kindly received by Major and Lady Violet Ascroft. Hever had been in a large manor, decorated with green and white hunting. The tables were tastefully ornamented with moss baskets filled with deep pink carnations and ferns. The gracious welcome of the Major, who had opened his home for us, because he knew his historical associations were deeply interesting to us, and the charming welcome given by Lady Violet Ascroft, all made us feel very much at home. We spent an afternoon of sheer delight strolling about the grounds. Words fail to describe their beauty—the terraces, the fountains, the lawns, the fountains, and the statues, and we must not forget the maze, where some of our forgetful young folks would have been lost. It was all so beautiful!

The palace and grounds have been most perfectly preserved, so that instead of anything being "this used to be a moat," we said "Why, this is a real honest-to-goodness moat." And so it was. Along Anne Boleyn's walk one could just imagine Henry VIII and Anne walking side by side, Henry paying ardent court to the white.

Hever Castle was a favorite spot in Henry VIII's time. It was in fact partly because they had not up to that time learned to pump water up, and it was more convenient to build in the valley in order to get the water supply with very little trouble. Besides it offered shelter in time of war, the tower being the natural height for a commanding view of the surrounding country. The castle is surrounded with a moat with drawbridge and portcullis still in working order. Passing under the tower we entered a square courtyard which is today very much as it was in Henry VIII's time. The halls and galleries are finished in the style of the Tudor period. The library is more modern.

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and we were sorry when it was time to go. In the evening we visited the Daily Telegraph office and were received by Lord and Lady Burnham, and shown about the plant, which is one of the largest and best equipped in Europe. After refreshments we went to our hotel feeling that we had had a very satisfactory day.

(Continued next week)


Congratulations are extended to Rev. W. L. Dralby, B.A., B.D., of Hawley, whose marriage took place September 10th to Miss Hippin, sister of the late Rev. Geo. Hippin, D.A., of Bawhaw.

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V. C. FRENCH
Editor Proprietor

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 18, 1924

The Difference

"Our grandmothers," says the Port Rowan News, "milked the cows, fed the calves, churned cream and washed and dressed ten children every morning. No competent woman of this generation need complain about the performance of the ordinary duties of her household." A few items the News has left out. Our grandmothers spun the yarn, dyed it, knitted the family socks and stockings, made and mended clothes, cleaned, triped, made sausage meat, leached lye and made soap, put down pickles, sauces and preserves, pared, cut, corded and dried apples, made candles, looked after the hens, ducks, geese and turkeys, made and tended the vegetable and flower gardens, and helped out the old man when he got behind with his work. Add to all this and more, the fact that this busy housewife found no difficulty in tending herself, putting on her best side and running over to a neighbor's, a mile or so distant, occasionally to spend the afternoon!—Orilla Pickett.

Mitchell For Leader

The editor of the Bessano Mail says "there is no man in the province of Alberta with any better qualifications for the leadership of the provincial Liberal party than Charles R. Mitchell, the member for Bow Valley," and in this connection the Times agrees. Mr. Mitchell has been identified with provincial politics for a long time and was provincial treasurer in the Liberal cabinet up to the time the present government took office, and no irregularities were found in his department. He has had abundant experience and is said to be a capable administrator, and as the Bessano Mail says, will make "a safe and sane leader." Mr. Mitchell has devoted the best years of his life to the province of Alberta and during that time has not been partisan in his attitude on any question of policy. He looks to us like a likely man for leader of the Liberal party.—High River Times.

Wonders of Ocean Travel

"The Prince of Wales sailed for the United States in the Cunard liner Berengaria. This is one of the wonder ships of the merchant fleets of the world—a vessel in which, owing to her vast size and her appointments, the traveler is able, under ordinary weather conditions, to combine the comfort of life ashore with all the exhilaration of an ocean journey. We accept all the comforts of ocean travel today as a matter of course; but let us not forget how dauntless men in small ships, crews of 50 or 100 tons only, and therefore mere cockleshells, faced unknown dangers on uncharted seas, and thus opened the world to us. Men like John Cabot, the discoverer of Newfoundland, Cook, who gave us Australia, Walter Raleigh, the forerunner of colonization in the 'American Colonies,' and a host of others who sailed in small ships, have laid us under such a debt as no amount of posthumous honor can adequately pay.

It is not so long since the voyage to Australia took from seventy to eighty days, according to the winds encountered; the swiftest tea clipper from China was fortunate if it reached London in twelve weeks, and the American who wished to go to Europe was to be congratulated if he entered his desired haven in much less than the span of a month. Only very slowly did the steamship assert its supremacy over the sailing ship. For many years experienced ship-owners clung to the windjammer rather than adopt steam, with its suggestion of heavy expense, and not a few of the more adventurous spirits who first put steamers afloat were overwhelmed in financial difficulties. One hundred years ago only twenty-four steam vessels, of just over 3000 tons in all, had been built in the old country, and it was not until 1855 that the tonnage output of sailing vessels fell below that of steamers. The pride of the later days of Samuel Cunard, who founded the steamship company under whose flag the Prince of Wales made his recent trip to America, was the paddle steamer Scotia, which

crossed from New York to Liverpool in 8 days and 22 hours, and it was not until 1860 that the company's first screw steamer was commissioned.

Editorial Notes

An energetic committee is working at Red Deer on the matter of erecting a covered hockey and skating rink. The next House of Commons will consist of 245 members, ten more than formerly, under the new distribution act, passed at its last session. 12 new seats will go to the country west of Lake Superior. Toronto will have four more and Nova Scotia loses two.

That the Alberta farmer must send the best he has or can produce if he wants the British market, is the conviction of all Canadians who have investigated conditions in Britain the last year. Butter, bacon and beef must be of the highest quality in order to enter the British market, for the British are very discriminating. The supply of teachers in Alberta is adequate for present needs. Many school districts are without teachers because they refuse to pay the salaries asked. B.C. has a surplus of teachers and these must come to Alberta and work for the winter months at minimum salaries.

The Minister of Education for the province will likely introduce new legislation at the next session of the legislature. The 1924 estimates for educational purposes call for \$40,000 to be spent in special grants and this sum has already been allocated, many schools have been operated through the summer with aid from this fund. The aim of the government will be to have every school open and running for at least a part of the school year. The Hon. P. C. LaPrairie, Canada's high commissioner to Great Britain, who is now in Canada, declares that Canada is the most prosperous country on the face of the globe. In this connection he qualifies his statement by saying he speaks in terms of material things which Canadians enjoy. The people of no other country in the world, he says—not excepting even the United States—are on the average able to buy the necessities and luxuries of life to the same extent as the people in this country. This would bear out the fact that business today is closer to normal than it was during the days of inflated prices and inflated profits. We hope he is right.

MY HOME

"This is my home!" I've often said, my shack, my henhouse and my shed, and only Death can come and say, "My friend, you'll have to move away." It is a solace, fine and great, to walk about my small estate, to view the jump, the concrete walks, the clothesline and the cabbage stalks, the lawn swing and the tree and vine, and know that all these things are mine. No landlord ever looms in view to tell me that the rent is due; no bailiffs pause at my gate to bid me pay or pull my freight. No man in rented house can feel the thrills that through my person steal, as I survey my chaste abode, with shady elms and road, with picket fence, a pleasant pink, and basin where the bees drink; my eyes behold, fairly shine, I swell with pride, the place is mine! I've counted every stone and stick, I know the nailholes in the wall and every crack, however small, and if a single or a slat should slip aside, I'm wise to that. I pity much the besotted gent who spends his life time paying rent, though he may live in stately hall with priceless paintings on the wall, though he may have a butter siera, and jewelry and cars to burn, he cannot know the joy and pride with which my bosom is surfeited, when I survey my henhouse fine, and cry "The whole blanded work is mine."—Walt Mason.

LATEST OIL SCANDAL

The newly appointed pastor of a negro church faced a packed audience when he arose to deliver his sermon on the burning question, "Is There a Hell?" "Bredren," he said, "de Lord make de world round like a ball." "Amen," agreed the congregation. "An' de Lord made two axes for de world to go round on, an' He put one at de north pole and one at de south pole." "Amen," cried the congregation. "An' de Lord put a lot of oil all around de world, so de world would be well greased and oiled." "Amen," said the congregation. "An' den a lot of sinners dig wells in Pennsylvania an' steal de Lord's oil an' grease. An' dey dig wells in Kentucky, Louisiana, Oklahoma, and Texas, an' in Mexico and Russia an' steal de Lord's oil an' grease. An' some day dey will have all de Lord's oil an' grease, an' den dey will be hell, bredren, dat will be hell!"—Swift Current Herald.

SCHOOL EXAMS.

TAKE BIG TOLL IN ALL GRADES

More than fifty per cent of the pupils in the high schools throughout the province in grades IX to XII inclusive failed to pass their examinations.

The following is a statement of the number of candidates sitting in the examinations, and the number passed by the board of examiners.

Grade IX: Candidates examined, 3032, number passed, 1252, percentage of failures, 58; Grade X: Candidates examined, 1837, number passed, 877, percentage of failures, 52; Grade XI: Candidates examined, 1683, number passed, 534, percentage of failures, 68; Grade XII: number examined, 513, number passed 180; percentage of failures 65.

In Grade X, there were 836 pupils recommended for advancement by the principals of the schools and they automatically go up to the next grade. In Grade XI there were 215 conditioned students and in Grade XII 97 who have written the supplementary examinations, and it is expected that some of these students will be successful in getting the necessary number of marks in the papers that they failed to pass them through the full examination.

It is not likely, however, that there will be any material addition to the number of students that will pass up through the supplementary examinations, as it is very unlikely that they will be in any better position to sit for the examination than they were when writing in June.

If they could not get through then it is not at all likely that they will have any better luck in the papers that they have just written, declared an official of the department of education.—Bulletin.

WILLS OUTPOINTED LOUIS FIRPO IN BOUT

New York, Sept. 12.—Before a crowd that approached 80,000, Harry Wills, the former New Orleans stevedore, clearly outpointed Louis Firpo, South American heavyweight champion in a 12 round no-decision bout here Thursday night. In compliance with the New Jersey boxing law there was no official decision after the contest, but there was no doubt in the immense gathering that famed Rickard's arena that Wills was the winner. Firpo, blacked on all his wild swings and pounded savagely about the body, failed to win a single round. He was saved from a knockout only by the same fortitude and the same ability to take punishment that he showed in his fight last summer with Jack Dempsey.

Firpo was floored for the count of six in the second round. He went right on his face from a right to the jaw, but came up fighting as he did in the Dempsey fight, and recovered by launching a savage attack.

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WESTERN CANADA CORN

ATTRACTING ATTENTION

According to press dispatches from Vancouver, samples of Canadian corn were in the hands of some of the exporters there recently, not as a line for foreign shipment, but to show what Canadian prairie corn is like. According to the grain experts it is even better than that coming from Illinois. When United States corn gets too high for this market the prairie corn is to balance the trade by importing it from Manchuria, but local grain men stated recently that if the area of Canadian fields in corn continues to spread annually as it has done in the past ten years there will be little necessity in a few years for Canada to go outside for corn. In 1923 the three western prairie provinces of Alberta, Saskatchewan and Manitoba produced a corn crop amounting to 781,800 tons, valued at \$3,500,000.

W. C. T. U.

Mr. Krett, our Ukrainian worker, brings greetings from the Ukrainian Moral Reform League, which he says, appreciates our work as being the origin of its existence.

Since November 5th, previous to which his work was centered on the referendum, Mr. Krett has specialized on abstinence in general, and the organizing of moral reform leagues and young people's clubs in particular.

Speaking of Canadianization in social life, he believes the two greatest difficulties in the way of true citizenization of Canada to be found in the fact that a large number only see our country among a class of migratory itinerant workmen who are not attached to any community, and so learn to think of themselves as "citizens and workers of the world." Instead of Canada. While the farmers sometimes settled where there was no other settlement, and did not mix with native born Canadians, and so knew nothing of Canadian ways of living and so they naturally continued in the only habits of life they knew. He believes the greatest factor in solving this problem is the public

MURINE You Cannot Buy New Eyes
Do you can Promote a Clear, Healthy Condition of Your Eyes
Use Murine's Remedy "Night and Morning."
Write for Free Eye Cure Book.
Murine Eye Remedy Co., 9 East Ohio Street, Chicago

school. They must all be taught to first speak and read the English language. The new Canadian must be taught to raise his standard of living to harmonize his ideals with Canadian ideals, that there will be only one ideal of honor and truth.

They generally regard Canadians as a people of high ideals of knowledge and religious principles.

The Russian orthodox church of America is joining with the Anglican church. And among the Ukrainians the church question is a matter for discussion everywhere.

These people want the church. They ask for it. Teachers are sometimes asked to organize Sunday schools in their districts.

The moral aspect is large but drinking is among these people as everywhere, the curse of the age. But the sentiment of the people is slowly turning

towards abstinence as evidenced by 14 Moral Reform Leagues and 7 Young People's Clubs, every member being a pledged abstainer. These leagues and clubs are affiliated with the Alberta Prohibition association. The aim of these societies is education, and Mr. Krett thinks the next plebiscite will measure progress.

HOWARD FEE AUCTIONEER

Farm and City Sales

My motto is

"Satisfaction"

Write Wetaskiwin P.O. or
Phone 279 for terms.



Free recipe book on request



Eczema, Salt Rheum RELIEVED BY



Mr. Thomas Renaud, Surgeon Falls, Ont., writes:—"For some time I was greatly troubled with eczema, but after taking three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters I was certainly surprised to find that I was entirely relieved of my troubles."

That was six months ago, and I have not had a sign of it since, and I earnestly wish to thank you for this wonderful medicine, and can strongly recommend it to anyone suffering as I did. I bought three bottles of Burdock Blood Bitters from your company, and I am manufactured only by The T. M. M. M. Co., Limited.



This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.

JOB PRINTING The Better Kind

PRINTED STATIONERY is one of the "BIG GUNS OF BUSINESS" Every successful business man uses stationery—Letter Heads, Envelopes, Statements, Bill Heads, Circular Letters, Etc. Without them he would be lost.

The Times can supply your requirements in these lines as well as any city office and at the same prices charged by city shops.

The Wetaskiwin Times
Producers of Printing of the Better Quality

The NEW THINGS for FALL

HOUSE DRESSES

Made of good qualityingham, liberally cut and nicely trimmed.

\$1.00

Dresses

Dresses that tell a charming story of newness, in home-spuns and flannels, all well tailored and nicely trimmed.

\$6.00 to \$10.50



Smartest of New Coats

Await Your Approval

Sharp gusts of wind scurrying around the corners, grey chilling days, the appearance on the avenue of many fur chokers snugly tucked beneath patrician chins are all reminders that a change of season is upon us, that the days of warmer costumes are at hand.

Handsome Self Trimmed Coats of Marvella
and Other Novelty Fife Fabrics

\$35.00 to \$57.50

Those handsome coats resplendent in the richness of their soft, silky pile textures show brilliant expression of style. They are full length models with set-in or raglan sleeves tapered into the fashionable narrow cuffs. The self-trimming of heavy cording, tucks and folds finished with silk stitching adds richness to the models. The collars are large and wrappy. Shown in black, navy, autumn brown and grey.

Many other self-trimmed coats developed from novelty teddy bear cloth, camel and mohair coatings in plain or checks and narrow strip. Others of chiselled velours, etc. Colors are beaver, grey and fawn. All sizes. Prices \$35.00 to \$57.50



NEW COATINGS

In heavy Blanket Cloth, in crimson, white, sax, fawn, navy. 58 inches wide.

\$2.50 per yard

Children's Novelty Ribbed Cashmere Hose

A new fall hose that is sure to please mothers and children alike.

Of all wool cashmere in novelty six-four wide rib effect; have triple reinforced heels and toes. Colors, fog grey, sand and camel.

60c to 85c a pair

Children's Vests and Drawers, 50c.

Underwear is the most important part of your children's clothing during cold weather. These are good weight natural colored knitted cotton vests and drawers, lightly fleeced on the inside. The drawers are ankle length and have drop seats. Sizes 3 to 13 years.

Per garment, 50c



FLETTE BLANKETS

Best quality, closely woven in one continuous length, whipped ends. The largest size, 72x85.

\$2.95

LADIES'

PURE WOOL HOSE

in sand, camel, fog, heather and polo. Per pair \$1.00

NOVELTY DRESS CREPE

The new all wool fabric for dresses, in sand and fawn. 40 inch, per yard \$2.25 and \$2.75 Navy, 54 inch, per yard \$3.50

SPECIAL!

Ladies' all wool Sweater coats. \$2.75

Skirts

Skirts in all wool crepes and tweeds. The newest that fashion demands, you will find on display.



THE LAWSON STORE



GENERAL CHANGE

IN TRAIN SERVICE

effective Sunday
September 14, 1921

Times for trains at Wetaskiwin will be:

Northbound
5:21-8:55 a.m. Daily 5:26-1:24 a.m.
5:25-7:45 p.m. Daily 5:22-8:46 a.m.
5:23-1:50 p.m. Daily 5:24-1:28 p.m.
ex. Sun.

51, Lv. 5:40 a.m. Dly 5:2, Ar. 11:30 p.m.
52, Lv. 10:16 a.m., Dly 5:28 ar 7:45 p.m.
ex. Sun.

Westbound Eastbound
51 ar 6:30 a.m. Dly 5:2 Lv 11:35 p.m.
52 ar 10:10 a.m. Dly 5:28 Lv 7:55 p.m.
ex. Sun.

Trans-Canada Limited, Nos. 7 and 8 between Montreal, Toronto and Vancouver will be withdrawn. Last train leaves each of these points on September 13, 1921.

The Mountaineer, trains Nos. 13 and 14, between Chicago and Vancouver, has been withdrawn west of Moose Jaw. Connections at Moose Jaw from and to St. Paul with trains Nos. 1 and 2.

For further particulars apply to any ticket agent.

J. E. Proctor,
Dist. Pscr. Agent,
Calgary

25-21

GENERAL NEWS

Several lots of live poultry were shipped cooperatively from central Alberta to the United States last month as a trade experiment. The first shipment made from points on the Canadian National railways east of Edmonton, comprised 3,450 birds. Similar shipments were made from Saskatchewan to Montreal.

Sugar beets measuring 19 inches in circumference and weighing 5 1/2 lbs. are to be found in the half acre patch of P. J. Christensen. Four beets were pulled. They totalled over 17 pounds. It is estimated that this patch will yield at the rate of 24 tons per acre. With a conservative estimate of \$10 per ton, an acre of beets would bring \$240. The cost of planting and raising an acre of beets is estimated at \$60, which would leave a nice profit of \$250 per acre. How would 10 or 20 or 40 acres affect your next year's bank account if the factory is built here—Raymond Record.

Members of the Alberta wheat pool received \$37,729,774 for wheat of the 1921 crop sold by the Alberta Cooperative Wheat Producers' Limited. The total distributed in the initial and interim payments was \$31,924,776, while the final payment made last month makes up the balance of \$5,786,000. These figures indicate that a large percentage of the wheat delivered to the pool during the first year of its operation was of a very high grade. It has been stated that the pool has handled between thirty-four million and thirty-eight million bushels of wheat during the pool year, the exact figure in this connection having not yet been made public officially.

Some men cannot manage a calf, but they are always wanting to carry on.

Edmonton, Sept. 12.—One thousand delegates will attend the Social Service conference here, on October 16 and 17. Fully five hundred of these will be from outside points.

Shanghai, Sept. 12.—After a desperate all night battle at Hwangpu, 15 miles from Shanghai, Shi Hsich hunched an offensive this morning in which 600 were killed and 800 were wounded.

There are fifteen rural hospital districts in the province of Alberta, serving 155,000 people, or about one-third of the rural population of the province. Additional districts are being formed.

More than 400 miles of new roads are now in course of construction in Alberta under the direction of the provincial public works department. The program includes a new road between Edmonton and Athabasca.

The Indians who live on reserves in the prairie section of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta have 50,000 acres of land under grain crops this year, according to Comstock's report. William M. Graham, the man who got the red men in the way of farming a few years ago. Wheat on some of the reserves will yield up to 35 bushels per acre, and there will be good yields on all Mr. Graham states. The Indians have also ample supplies of fodder for 100,000 head of livestock, which they own. Between 4000 and 5000 Indian children are now attending English schools. This number constitutes 90 per cent of the children on the reserves.

THREE MILLION DOLLAR DEPOSIT FOR EDMONTON

Saskatoon, Sept. 15.—K. A. Blatchford, mayor of Edmonton, who passed through Saskatoon Saturday on his return from the unemployment conference at Ottawa, stated that while in the capital he had also completed negotiations with the Canadian National railways for the erection of a \$3,000,000 terminal depot at Edmonton, provided the city assents to the expenditure of \$250,000 for the construction of a subway in connection with the station.

London.—I venture to say that Canada alone will ultimately raise sufficient wheat for more than one billion people, or twice the population of all the white races," declared Prof. G. R. Anderson, head of the department of engineering physics and photography, University of Toronto, in a special article.

A greater demand than ever before for Alberta government savings certificates has developed this year, which is evidence that there is considerable surplus money in the province. So great have been the purchases of these certificates by the investing public that it is likely no more future issues will be required the present year to finance the government's affairs. The small denominations of the certificates are popular, and there are many purchasers of these. As an indication of improved financial conditions in the province also the larger purchasers include Alberta school districts and municipalities.

Two insane Indians from the far north who were brought to Edmonton on Friday have been placed in the Ponoka hospital for the insane. One is a youth of 20 years and the second younger, both of whom were well behaved on the trip, causing their escort no trouble. They came from Fort Rae and Fort Resolution on the Great Slave Lake.

Next to the observation of the shooting seasons themselves the most important factor for giving all hunters an equal chance to take game, and for giving all game a fair chance is the observation of the bag limit and of certain simple shooting restrictions. The Migratory Birds Treaty provides the bag limit for Alberta to be 30 ducks in one day and not more than 20 of all kinds in a season; geese 15, brant 15, rails 25; black-bellies and golden plover, greater and lesser yellowlegs, 15 of all kinds; Wilson snipe 25.

Howard Stutchbury, provincial trade commissioner for Alberta, is expected to make an early and favorable report from the government laboratories at Gt. Wapiti regarding the samples of paper manufactured from Alberta cereal straw, which were forwarded a few weeks ago. Alberta straw has proved to be a highly economical and satisfactory substitute for wood pulp in the manufacture, and as soon as a report is received from the east, it is anticipated that the product will be placed on the market. Several Edmonton men, it is said, are prepared to finance the enterprise, which should eventually utilize the vast surplus quantities of straw in the province, and also release large tracts of timber from the certainty of destruction.

Is Always
DUNCAN'S
Royal Palace
Liqueur Whisky

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.

An arrangement has been completed by the British and Alberta governments whereby 150 old country boys will be brought out every year and trained for work on western Canadian farms. The British government will finance the lads and the Alberta government will provide the accommodation on farm schools, which are already equipped and in operation. When the boys have received sufficient training they will be placed with farmers, ultimately going on farms of their own.

Classified Ads.

For Sale

FOR SALE—Stanley Jones threshing machine and engine; price right. See Rowley at Millie. 26-21n.

FOR SALE—Threshing outfit complete, Fordson tractor with governor, and separator with all belts, also main drive belt. Price \$700.00, half cash, balance arranged. Apply Edward Johnson, Gwynne. Phone 3597. 26-4fn

TRACTOR FOR SALE—Gasoline 11-23 tractor for sale cheap, in good running order and will make good threshing engine, as well as for regular tractor work. For particulars apply Times office. 25-21n.

FOR SALE—32 H.P. Stearns Engine in good condition, 135 lbs. pressure, \$750, or \$850 terms, f.o.b. Ponoka, Alta. Brady & Morgan, Ponoka 24-31

FOR SALE OR TRADE—Second hand Ford Car in good condition. Will sell or trade for cattle. Apply to Theo. Lahl, phone R.511, Wetaskiwin. 24-21n

FOR SALE—10-20 Titan Tractor; 1 23 inch Aultman Taylor separator, used one year; 1 20 inch John Deere breaking plow; 1 14 inch 3 bottom stable plow; all in first class condition; cheap for immediate sale. Apply M. W. Reeves, Phone 114, Wetaskiwin. 24-41n

For Rent

FOR RENT—Large in The Times Block, with room, cool basement if desired. Apply to The Times office. 24-4fn

Miscellaneous

TENTS AND AWNINGS—Repaired. Let us look over your tents and awnings before the spring rush begins. Also your auto, carriage and furniture. Highest class work promptly done at lowest price. Drop a card to W. J. Pickard, Wetaskiwin. 44fn

FARM LANDS FOR SALE

There will be offered for sale by public auction by George L. Owen at his auction yards, corner of East Pearce Street and Railway Street East, in the City of Wetaskiwin, Alberta, at 2:30 p.m., on Saturday, the 20th day of September, 1924, the following land, namely:—
Parcel (1): Section 24, Township 47, Range 27, west of 4th Meridian, Alberta, containing 640 acres more or less, excepting 4 and 78100 acres for a road, and reserving mines and minerals.

Parcel (2): Also South half of Section 2 in Township 47, Range 27, west of 4th Meridian, Alberta, containing 254 acres more or less, reserving coal.

These lands are located about 15 miles west of Millie, 1½ miles from the nearest school and about 5 miles from the post office.

Parcel (1) has about 200 acres under cultivation and there is an area of about 200 acres additional of good arable land, the balance of the section being good for pasture and hay, and including some wooded land. The soil for the most part is sandy loam with clay subsoil. There are about 4 miles of fencing, but no buildings upon Parcel (1).

Parcel (2) has about 10 acres under cultivation. There are about 80 acres of good arable land in addition; 61 acres good for pasture and hay; 100 acres of wood land. The soil is sandy loam with clay subsoil. There are about 1½ miles of fencing. The buildings on Parcel (2) consist of the following, namely:—
Dwelling house of sheet iron, frame and logs.

Good barn of the same materials, and also some other buildings that may be used as stables and granaries, made of logs.

This property will be offered for sale subject to an upset price of \$8900.00.

The Purchaser is to pay down 10% of the purchase price to the Vendor's Solicitors at the time of the sale and the remainder of the purchase price is to be paid within 90 days, without interest, into Court. In all other respects the terms and conditions of sale will be the standing conditions of the Supreme Court of Alberta.

Further particulars can be had from Messrs. Odell & Russell, Solicitors, Wetaskiwin, Alberta.
Dated at the City of Wetaskiwin, in the Province of Alberta, this 2nd day of September, A.D. 1924.

(Sgd.) J. I. POOLE,
C. S.C.A. J.D.V.

Approved as to form:
(Sgd.) Wm. A. D. LEES,
L.J. S.C.A. J.D.V. 24-31n

Wanted

WANTED—School girl to do small duties in exchange for room and board. Box "S" Times office. 26-21n.

WANTED—To buy second hand Reed baby carriage; must be in first class condition. Inquire at Times Office. 26-21n.

GIRL WANTED—For general house work. Apply to Mrs. C. D. Hume, Wetaskiwin. 24-4fn

WANTED—A representative for Wetaskiwin and district to handle a line of twisted in wire brushes, mops, etc. direct from manufacturer to consumer. This is a permanent position, splendid chances for advancement, experience not necessary, references required. For full particulars write to B. W. Atkinson, 12212 Jasper Ave., Edmonton. 26-31

Impounded

IMPOUNDED—In the pound kept by the undersigned, N.V. 13-24-45-4, one Black Mare, 4 years old, weight 1250, small spot in forehead, branded V upside down on right shoulder. I. M. C. Jackson, Poundkeeper, R. 2, Wetaskiwin. 26-11n

IMPOUNDED—In the pound kept by the undersigned, N.V. 10-17-22-24, on Sept. 17, Bay mare, white face, 1 year old; Bay Gelding, 2 years old, white face, branded K on right shoulder; 2 Black Geldings, yearlings, branded K on right shoulder; 1 Bay Mare, 3 years old, and 1 Bay Mare, 2 years old, branded K on right shoulder; Black mare, white face, weight 1300; Sorrel with halter on. Martin Peterson, Phone 2006, Gwynne. 26-11n

Lost

LOST—In Wetaskiwin on Sept. 4, large white hound with brown markings. Is believed to followed team east. Finder kindly notify Box M, Times Office. 25-21n

AUCTION—For satisfaction and service, get Mitchell the Auctioneer, Member A.A.A. Auction sales conducted anywhere. Phone 15, Millie.

CITY OF WETASKIWIN

1924 BUSINESS TAX

Ratepayers liable for Business Tax in the City, are hereby notified that Tuesday, the 30th September is the last day for obtaining the 10% discount.

To avoid losing the discount, payment is requested now, as after the 30th, no discount will be allowed on Business Taxes.

J. E. FRASER,
26-21n. City Clerk and Treasurer

NOTICE

TO CHARLES D. YOUNG, formerly of Bitters Lake, in the Province of Alberta:

TAKE NOTICE that the Imperial Bank of Canada by their Solicitors, Howatt & Howatt of Edmonton, Alberta, has commenced an action in the Supreme Court of Alberta, Judicial District of Edmonton, against you for payment of the sum of \$2374.79 with interest according to the terms of a certain mortgage dated the 18th day of June, 1918, made by you to H. L. Graves of Pigeon Lake, Alberta, and in default sale or foreclosure and possession, etc.

AND FURTHER TAKE NOTICE that you are required to file a demand of notice or statement of defence in my office at the Court House, Edmonton, aforesaid, on or before the 18th day of October, 1924, and to serve a copy of the same upon the Plaintiff's Solicitors and in default of your so doing Judgment may be given in your absence without further notice to you.

This notice is published pursuant to order of Master in Chambers at Edmonton aforesaid.

Dated at Edmonton aforesaid, this 10th day of September, A.D. 1924.

R. P. Wallace,
Approved: C.S.C. (L.S.) "A. Y. B." 26-31n

A Canadian dry mill manufacturer who has a display of his goods at the British Empire Exhibition, London, has sold the entire output of his factory for the next five years to a British firm. The Canadian fruit display has brought orders for more than a million boxes of assorted kinds for this season.

BRITISH SCIENTISTS AT JASPER PARK



THE special Canadian National trains, carrying the members of the British Association for the Advancement of Science were halted at Jasper, Alta., long enough for the visiting scientists to see some of the beauties of Canada's largest national park. The visitors were entertained at Jasper Park Lodge and were also taken for

THE ELEVENTH CROP REPORT

Issued by the department of agriculture, Edmonton, Saturday, September 13.

Harvesting operations are about 75 per cent completed in the southern portions of Alberta, and threshing has commenced, but will not be general for a week. In the central and northern districts, where backward weather has delayed the ripening of the grain, the cutting of wheat is from 35 to 40 per cent completed, with no threshing done. The weather in these districts during the past fortnight has been characterized by several warm sunny days which have ripened the wheat to the harvesting stage. The oat crop is still rather green, however, and its ripening has been further delayed by the rain and cool weather of the last few days. A very small percentage of the oat and barley crop has been cut.

Total Acreage
The total acreage in wheat in the province has been finally set at 6,023,491 acres as compared with 5,973,753 in 1923. The acreage in fall wheat is set at 37,122 as compared with 36,160 in 1923. The reason for the considerable reduction shown is that the department believes that in past years too great a proportion of the wheat acreage has been estimated as in fall wheat. As a consequence the estimate is being corrected this year, the difference being included in the spring wheat area.

From reports received by the department from correspondents and from field men, it would appear that the average yield of wheat over the total area sown would not be more than 11 bushels to the acre, but owing to the very large area which will either not be harvested or will show a very light yield, it is difficult to make an accurate estimate of the average yield. The final estimate will not be made until threshing operations have been about completed.

In the more favored districts of the province, namely, the south-western district, and some of the central and northern districts, the yield will be somewhat higher, and in a number of cases will reach even as high as 30 bushels to the acre. Generally speaking, the wheat on summer-fallow is expected to yield much higher than that on spring-plowing or stubble land, the difference in many cases being from 8 to 12 bushels an acre. It is estimated that there are 2,532,939 acres of wheat on summer-fallow land and new breaking, and 3,500,552 acres on spring-plowing and stubble.

Where threshing has taken place the wheat, even though of light yield, has been found to be of good quality. In some districts there will be a rather heavy dockage for weeds.

The oat crop is making good growth but is very late in many districts, and the acreage cut for greenfeed will be large. The acreage in oats for grain is estimated at 2,209,542 as compared with 2,225,546 in 1923, and the area for greenfeed is estimated at 1,905,393 acres compared with 1,861,033 acres last year. No estimate of the average yield of oats or other grains is being made at present.

Following is a comparative table of the acreage in the various field, fodder and root crops for 1923 with the estimates for 1924:

Acreage in Crop	1923	1924
All Wheat	5,973,753	6,023,491
Oats	2,209,542	2,209,542
Greenfeed	1,861,033	1,905,393
Barley	383,858	494,718
Rye	490,795	214,372
Flax	15,000	15,000
Mixed Grains	11,228	13,445
Other Grains	11,331	9,573
Potatoes	3,306	1,459
Field Beans	559	461
Sunflowers	14,780	16,065
Fodder Corn	53,981	67,472
Alfalfa	35,563	39,812
Timothy	102,785	100,553
Alfalfa Hay	112,732	156,660
Potatoes	40,135	31,550
Other Roots	8,185	6,602
Summerfallow	11,450,759	11,476,963
New Breaking	2,500,468	2,038,278
	486,847	398,638

RAILWAY SERVICE CUT NOT EXTENSIVE

Calgary, Sept. 15.—Cutting down of the service on various branch lines of the C.P.R. in the southern part of the province will not be as extensive as was at first announced. On the Coronation-Lacombe branch instead of reducing the service to three times a week, a daily service except Sunday will be operated. The same applies to lines from Medicine Hat and Lethbridge. The change of plans was announced by C.P.R. officials tonight.

Edmonton, Sept. 13.—Elections of Edmonton will go to the polls on Monday, October 20, to select a representative to succeed John R. Boyle, former leader of the Liberal party in the Alberta legislature, Mr. Boyle having recently been appointed to the supreme court bench of the province.

WETASKIWIN MARKETS

September 17, 1924	
No. 1 Northern	1.16
No. 2 Northern	1.13
No. 3 Northern	1.08
No. 4 Northern	.99
Barley	.54
Oats	.35
Rye	.70
Hogs	7.75
Steers	3.50
Cows	2.50
Sheep	6.00
Spring	.40
Eggs (fresh)	.25
Butter	.25
Spring Chicken	.10
Hens	.06

Ready-to-Wear and
Millinery Opening
Friday & Saturday, Sept. 19-20

That the side fastening for Coats is without competition and is marked with one or two fancy buttons. Smaller buttons are largely used for trimming, especially on the more tailored styles. The Straight Line Coats predominate. Belts are conspicuous by their absence. In addition to the prevailing shades of autumn browns and fawns there are forest greens and copper-tones that will appeal to smart women.

Many straight line Dresses are being shown with the beltless idea emphasized, while slashed tunic effects add a note of novelty. Wool crepes and fine twill fabrics are again well to the fore, while in silk much is being made of Crepe de Chenes, Canton and flat Crepes, pleating, tucking, bead embroidery and fancy braids, add smart trimming touches.



Ladies' and Misses' Fall Coats

A Misses' Coat (as shown) of cut Cameline in small block design with Beaverine collar and lined throughout with twill mercerized. Comes in lovely reindeer shade, moderately priced at \$29.50

Other models in velours, Channellcloth, Marvella and Duveltyne, with or without fur collars. Priced from \$15.00 to \$65.00

Ladies' Dresses

We have a splendid range of Ladies' Dresses, in flannel, serge, tricotine, wool all the very latest styles. Priced moderately from \$9.75 to \$35.00



MILLINERY

Miss Watkins, direct from Toronto and the fashion centres, with the latest ideas in Millinery, will be pleased to display chic models. Very small shapes with high front trimmings are the very newest.

Smart Footwear for Ladies

In Suede, Kid and Satin, in "Lady Belle" make; straps and oxfords. Specially priced at \$7.50

New Winter Goods Arriving Daily

GROCERIES

Apples are all the talk these days, and are worth your consideration. A few boxes ahead for the threshing or fall use, at these prices, would be a splendid saving.

Weakthies

Wrapped, and graded, per box	\$2.25
Not wrapped, per box	\$1.75
Slic ed Pineapple, special value at, per tin	25c
Laundry Soap—a big cake like Royal Crown, but not wrapped, at	5 for 25c
Sweet Biscuits—plain and fancy, at per lb.	30c, 40c and 50c
Fruites, a nice size, at	2 lbs for 25c
Raisins, seedless, the better grade,	2 lbs, 35c, or 3 lbs, 50c

The Star Store

"Swat the fly" with GILLETT'S LYE

A teaspoonful of Gillett's Lye sprinkled in the Garbage Can prevents flies breeding

Use Gillett's Lye for all Cleaning and Disinfecting

Costs little but always effective



An analysis of oil from one of the wells of the British Petroleum Company at Wainwright shows as follows: Wainwright oil with water—gasoline, 5.2 per cent; kerosene, 18.2 per cent; lubricants 56 per cent; residue 5 per cent. Wainwright oil free of water—gasoline 6.2 per cent; kerosene 21.6 per cent; lubricants 66.3 per cent; residue 6 per cent.

When the Old Squire Held Court

(By C. A. Stephens)

A good road now leads from our old farm in Maine to the head waters of Larry's stream. I drove up here to find the site of the old squire's lumber camp. Afterwards I followed down the bank to Sister's Falls and the Little Sister below.

Today in dry summer weather the stream is little more than a brook, and the falls are the gentlest of cascades; even in spring the stream no longer carries its former volume of water, for the grand old forests at its headwaters have been ravaged, and much of the country has been burnt out by forest fires. But years ago in March when the winter snows were melting it was a swift rushing torrent, and the falls were miniature Niagaras.

There was a crew of eighteen axemen, now called lumberjacks, at the camp one winter some fifty years ago, all of whom were French Canadians from over the boundary. At that time axemen frequently came down in a body to work for the winter at a Yankee logging camp.

Often they were all from one hamlet and wished to work together; often too, they were related to one another, and sometimes their spokesmen brought a letter from their parish priest to the man who hired them, saying that they were exemplary young men and good workers. Occasionally

too, as was the case with a gang of which I am speaking, they brought their own cook and his assistant with them. As a rule, they were good, honest workers, and some of them were expert axemen.

But the crew at the camp that winter was of a different sort. The men brought no letter of recommendation, but, as they seemed strong and active and answered all questions promptly, the old squire set them to work at twenty-six dollars a month wages and board.

The foreman at the camp that winter was Elphage Cully, a young Irishman who had worked for the old squire for three years. He was a jolly fellow who, though full of quips and pranks, had the knack of handling loggers and getting fair service from them. He would tolerate no shirking and resorted promptly to his fists if a man defied him. As a rule the men liked him. As a foreman he was hardly a failure.

Three weeks after the men went to work the old squire received a parochial letter, and it was hardly a day before he had written a letter of recommendation. The very respectable old Father Mercier, of St. Hyacinth parish, said that he felt it was his duty to inform their superior that two of the crew, Philin Desler and Luc Crillon, were of a wrong turn of mind, and had given the parish authorities much trouble. In short they would be watching. Such was the substance of the letter, which was written in French.

Immediately afterwards the old squire drove up to the camp to see whether work was going well.

"Ah, sure we're getting on," Cully reported with his usual humor. "It's no dandy crew. I've had better. But they work. I've got two laywers in the gang, and they're all the argyleys and putties' cases to the others. I've had to give 'em a piece o' my mind now and then, and one morning I had to labor w' Luc a bit. He's a sly dog, and I reckon pooty much of a treacherous skalepen and a rogue. But now he's had his lesson from me. I look for him to go on and do his work. Lestwars, I'll get him another if he needs it." By "lawyers" Cully merely meant fellows who complain and argue a good deal so as to avoid working.

After advising Cully to keep an eye on the two men whom Father Mercier had mentioned and in case of further trouble to send word down by the cook's assistant, a French boy of perhaps fifteen years, the old squire came home.

We heard from the camp whenever the weekly aid with supplies for the men and teams went up to them. Cully sent word that all was well, though he seemed to become less enthusiastic about his crew. He did not inform us whether he had been obliged to give Luc and Philin further lessons; we were told, after words that he had been obliged to thrash them, and that they had plotted revenge.

The winter's work was to stop at nightfall of March 10, and in order that the crew could go home immediately on the morning of the 11th, the old squire went up to pay them in the Canadian currency, which he had procured for the purpose. On such trips my cousin Addison usually went with him to help in checking the payroll and counting out the bills. There was not much danger of their being robbed, but nevertheless they almost always took a loaded rifle with them.

Late the previous afternoon, however, something serious had occurred at the camp, nothing less than an attempt to murder Cully. As it was the last day of the winter's work, he had not required the crew to do much. The men were to have plum duff and certain other luxuries not on the regular bill of fare. There remained, however, one small landing of logs on the opposite bank to be "broken in," that is to say, rolled down into the water. The winter's cut of spruce logs would then be ready for the gang of six rivermen who were soon coming up to drive it downstream to the mills. The snow had now largely melted, there had been rains of late, and the stream was a rapid, swirling torrent; the deep roar of Sister's Falls half a mile below could be heard plainly at the camp. But they

had a bateau, or river boat, in which they could easily cross.

"Come on now, boys," Cully called out, encouragingly. "Get ye into the bateau, eight or nine of ye at a time and I'll set ye across. Then we'll break in that last landing of logs."

"Oh, leave it to the river drivers!" some one said.

"Leave nothing at all!" retorted Cully. "Sure, 'tis our work, an' none of ye has hurt yourselves w' work like this. Come on now! Look alive! Is it sleep ye'll be wantin' after the good dinner our old gent has fed to ye?"

Grumbling a little, Luc, Philin, and the rest crossed in the bateau and rolled the logs down the bank; the work required scarcely more than an hour. Cully then bade four of them to go fetch the wangan from a shed in which the axes, paxes and other tools had been kept at night while they were working on that side of the river. The wangan, as it was called, is a large box or chest with a lid that can be locked or hinged. Ours was a chest built of thick pine plank and was six feet long, three and a half feet wide and three and a half deep. It was now near nightfall. The men were loading the wangan on the bateau in order to take it over to the camp when they heard a slight noise inside and discovered that a family of mice had taken up their abode in the chest, the lid of which had stood open a crack.

"Ah, there, ye little beauties!" Cully exclaimed, and reaching down with his gloved hand, tried to catch them. The mice proved to be nimble, and he was obliged to bend over head and shoulders into the deep chest. Quick to see that he was at a disadvantage, Luc and Philin who were holed up on the bank, seized him each by an ankle, tumbled him into the wangan, and probably helped by some of the others, banged down the cover and hopped it.

For the moment Cully thought it was a bit of horseplay, a rough joke. "Here, here, ye skalepens!" he yelled. "What the mischief are ye up to? Let me out, I tell ye!" But it was no joke; their intent was murderous. Without a word they lifted the wangan into the bateau and shoved it out on the swift running stream; and all the while Cully shouted and remonstrated and even threatened them with conflagrant punishment. They all stood there with out lifting a hand to prevent the catastrophe watched the bateau and wangan go down to the falls. Some of them ran along the bank and saw them go over. As the bateau scudded down into the great pool at the foot of the falls the wangan fell out and immediately grounded on the stones on the same side of the stream.

It was growing dark. Whoever was looking saw nothing of the wangan; they supposed that it had filled with water and had sunk to the bottom, and that Cully was in it, drowned.

Later the crew got the bateau and carried it back around the falls and then crossed to the camp for the night. There during the evening, while waiting for the old squire to come up and pay them off they agreed on a story to account for Cully's disappearance; namely that it was an accident and had resulted from an attempt on his part to cross alone with the wangan in the bateau; because of the strength of the current he had lost control of the boat. How to account for Cully's being inside of the wangan, in case it were recovered from the pool, is a problem they apparently did not consider. Our folk concluded afterwards that most of the crew had little to do with the wangan but after it had happened Philin and Luc had intimidated or persuaded the rest to stand together and vouch for the truth of the story they had invented.

There was but one drawback to the fine tale; the wangan was not at the bottom of the pool. It had floated on considerable water, and was partly submerged. But it had floated out amid from curls and driftwood at the foot of the bank and from there drove swiftly on down to the Little Sister, three or four hundred yards below. There the rush of water sets in strong, by the right bank, and as the wangan went over the brink of the cascade it turned a complete somersault and struck a submerged rock at the foot with such violence that the lid burst off, and the half-drowned occupant shot headlong out.

Luckily for Cully he plunged into water no more than waist deep and was not so far gone but that he was able to crawl out. The poor fellow was dreadfully bruised and only half conscious, but he got ashore somehow and lay on the bank awhile, shaking the water out of his ears. Then he started to go back to camp with the highly laudable purpose of settling accounts with Philin and Luc. But reflecting on the way that they would now probably murder him in good earnest, he turned around to walk down to the old squire's. He had gone but a little way, however, when he became too ill to proceed.

He lay down for a while and then walked and crept for two miles or more until he reached the small house of a habilitant in a clearing by the roadside.

There the old squire and Addison found him the next forenoon on the way up to the camp; the French woman came to the door and hailed them as they were passing. Cully was in a bad plight; he was dreadfully battered, and was hardly able to speak above a whisper, but he grinned as he told them after his own fashion what had happened.

"Don't ye pay them, squire! Don't ye pay them today!" he pleaded. "Hold it back for a few day till I'm on me feet again, and then I'll settle w' that Luc and Philin pair!"

There was no doubt of Cully's desire to settle with his assailants in his own way. He wanted to dress and go up to the camp with the old squire, who with difficulty persuaded him to lie down in bed again. Then the habilitant went to get a physician, and the old squire and Addison went on their way to the camp.

What should they do? Clearly there had been an assault with intent to kill. The old squire was sure that Cully's two assistants deserved a term in prison. But they were British subjects; an effort to arrest them under the laws of Maine might lead to complications that he knew the authorities would much rather avoid. Besides, since the camp was so near the boundary, it was more than likely that there was a sheriff and posse could arrive the culprits would escape over the line and that no redress of any sort would ever be obtained. In the circumstances the old squire determined to make a virtue of necessity and do the best he could for Cully, who certainly deserved something in the way of reparation.

They reached the camp at about eleven o'clock and found the crew all there awaiting them; the men were quiet and rather suspiciously watchful of their faces. The old squire told them all to go inside to be paid. Then he sat down at the long table and opened the valise containing the money, which had already been put into envelopes. Addison casually took his position near the door. So far no one had said anything about what had happened the night before. But now the old squire asked, "Where is Mr. Cully?"

Luc and Philin began hurriedly to tell their story. "Mr. Cully," he drowned. Mr. Cully, he put in bateau with wangan. He start to cross over. He lose paddle. He go down near falls. He go over. He drowned. We find bateau down below. We fetch bateau back. Wangan sink," and a great deal more of the same sort, to which the others kept nodding their heads in confirmation.

The old squire heard the story through and then stood quite still for some time regarding them fixedly, looking first one in the face, and then another.

"Now, you are all lying to me," he said at last, sternly. "You have tried

HIS HEART WEAK HIS NERVES BAD

Mr. Elwin Connell, Porterville, Ont., writes:—"My nerves were in a very bad condition and the least little thing would irritate me very much. My heart was weak, and after the slightest exertion it would start to flutter."

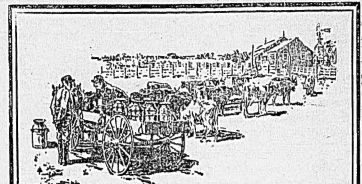
A Friend Advised Me To Take Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills

so I got six boxes and took them regularly, and since then I have not had the slightest sign of any trouble with either my heart or nerves, and I will always recommend it. & N. Pills to all those who are suffering from any form of heart or nerve trouble."

You can procure Milburn's Heart and Nerve Pills from any druggist or dealer. They are put up only by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

to murder Mr. Cully. You put him in the wangan and sent it over the falls. You will have to be arrested and go to prison for this. Mr. Cully is not drowned, as you think, he is alive. But he is seriously hurt; he may be injured for life. He will have to have doctors, and you who

tried to drown him, must pay for it." The whole crew stared gully and glanced at one another in alarm. Addison, who was observing them, saw that Luc's eye rove to the door and then rest on the valise containing the money. Guessing what was in his mind, he said: (Continued on Page 7)



A Letter Is As Good As A Call

The Banking-by-Mail Service of the Bank of Montreal is so satisfactory that many of our customers conduct all their transactions with us through the postal service.

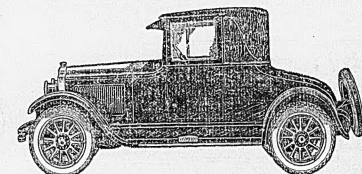
If you wish to open a Savings or Chequing Account, if you are in quest of information, or if you desire advice on some banking problem, you have merely to write our nearest Branch.



Wetaskiwin Branch:
W. PREST, Manager.

BANK OF MONTREAL

Established over 100 years



MCLAUGHLIN-BUICK SPECIAL SIX 25-26

THE new Special Six is a car you will enthuse over.

The Business Coupe, for instance—the smart lines, the beautiful, quiet-toned Duco finish and handsome equipment, give it an air of smartness and style that is equalled by few cars, regardless of price.

Moreover, what you would expect from a car outwardly so beautiful, will be more than fulfilled by this Coupe's performance. The 50 H.P. valve-in-head engine provides more than enough power for the hardest going in mud and sand. The sturdy chassis and cantilever springs, together with Low Pressure Tires, afford unusual driving ease and comfort—even on the roughest roads. The increased safety of Four-Wheel Brakes adds much to the driver's peace of mind and enjoyment.

NORMAN W. FEAD — WETASKIWIN

MCLAUGHLIN-BUICK

Keeping Valuables Safely

The purpose of a Safety Deposit Box is to keep valuables safe from fire and theft. If you have stocks and bonds, insurance policies or a will, keep them in a Safety Deposit Box.

You can rent one at this Bank for a small sum.

IMPERIAL BANK

WETASKIWIN BRANCH N. W. WRIGHT, Manager
Branches at Mill's, Fortin and New Norway.

WETASKIWIN Furniture Exchange

FWLER BLOCK

FURNITURE BOUGHT, SOLD, EXCHANGED

SEE US FOR HOUSEHOLD GOODS

WHEN MOVING, LET US ESTIMATE ON

YOUR EFFECTS.

OLD CROW BOURBON WHISKY

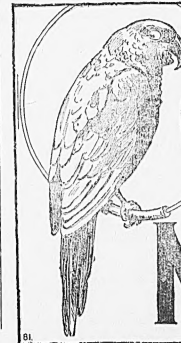


No. 10

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.



Best of all Fly Killers 10¢ per Packet at all Druggists, Grocers and General Stores



Polly want a cracker?

Certainly if it's

MCCORMICK'S

NEW JERSEY CREAM SODAS

ASTHMA NEVER CAME BACK

Since Taking The Fruit Treatment In "Fruit-a-lives"

Read this letter from Mrs. J. M. Pennington of New Rockland, P.Q. "In 1919, I was taken with Bronchial Asthma and no one knows what I suffered during the winter. I began having choking spells and would just gasp for breath and could not speak. The doctor said he could do nothing for me."

In the spring of 1920, I started taking "Fruit-a-lives" and soon the choking spells became easier and I have not had one since May 7th, 1920. It is such a relief to be able to go to bed and have no thought of having to get up in the night for an hour or more as I did all that winter, but never have to say, "because I take a 'Fruit-a-lives' tablet every night." See and see a box at all dealers or sent postpaid by Fruit-a-lives Limited, Ottawa, Ont.

Panama Lady 2nd, the splendid show cow that has been such a valued asset to the Herford herd of O. A. Doggs & Sons, Dayland, died at Toronto last week, while at the fair there. Her death was said to be due to a fall she received about a week ago. The death of this splendid cow is not only a serious loss to the owners, but a distinct loss to the breed in Canada. She has been winning first prizes and championships regularly during her long show career.

Provincial Weekly News Bulletin

Pleased with Tar Sands
Alberta's tar sands near Waterways have been attracting considerable attention from experts this season. The latest to visit the deposits was Roland T. Day, prominent mining engineer of New York City, who recently returned from the north, expressing the confident opinion that there was no obstacle to the development of the bituminous sands on a large scale.

Sugar Beet Possibilities
It now seems almost certain that southern Alberta probably letrbidge will be selected as the site of a sugar beet factory to be erected by the Utah Idaho Sugar Co., of Salt Lake City. During the past week officials of this company met with prominent letrbidge citizens and with Hon. Y. W. Smith, minister of railways, under whose jurisdiction comes the irrigation schemes of the south. The officials went fully into the possibilities of the proposition, and the question is only one of production of the beets, which the farmers of the irrigated sections seem ready to undertake. The sugar company officials will make a definite decision shortly. A considerable acreage has been prepared for sugar beets in the irrigated district surrounding letrbidge.

Prince's First Sale
The first annual sale of imported and home bred Scotch Shorthorns, Hampshire and Shropshire rams, of the property of the Prince of Wales, will

be held at the B.P. ranch on October 1st. All breeders and others interested are being invited to attend.

New Towns
Four new towns have been created in the north country recently, these being Whitelaw and Brownvale on the Canada Extension extension beyond Berwyn, north of the Peace River, and Wexley and Disraeli on the Grande Prairie extension of the E.D. & B.C.

Many Tourists
Calgary auto camp reports a brisk season during the past summer months, a total of 1972 cars with 7000 people having stopped at the camp, as compared with 1452 cars and 4864 people in 1923.

Australian Boys Here
The party of 51 Australian boys who have been touring Canada were entertained at Edmonton during the week-end.

Buy Out Farmers in South And Establish Big Ranches

Ottawa, Sept. 13.—A scheme for the relief of the drought-stricken settlers in southeastern Alberta and southwestern Saskatchewan has been suggested to the Alberta government by Hon. Charles Stewart, minister of the interior. It was announced here, Mr. Stewart's proposition is to buy out the settlers at present endeavoring to farm this territory and resettle the country with ranches, each with several sections of land, and each with water facilities. In addition to this, Mr. Stewart would endeavor to have the new ranchers take up small parcels of about 30 acres of irrigated land. The Canada Land and Irrigation company property is to be the east of the dry belt. This company is now insolvent and the solution seems to be that the federal government will take it over.

Mr. Stewart has suggested to the Alberta government that a commissioner be appointed to go into the district and arrange to buy out or resettle as ranchers the present population. Very little of the property is owned out right by the settlers. Some of it is owned by the federal government, the rest is mainly controlled by mortgage companies.

Mr. Stewart makes no bones about the fact that the government and the mortgage companies might have to write off a loss in freeing settlers from their obligations but he thinks the proper settlement of the country would more than compensate for this. Having control over the country once more he would resettle it with ranchers, who, in his opinion, should not have to pay more than \$5.00 an acre for their holdings. He would endeavor to have these ranchers take up irrigated lands to the west and by combining he is confident that the present conditions of poverty and want could be relieved permanently.

GOLD SUPPLY OF CANADA

Canada by 1926 will displace the United States as second among the gold producing countries of the world, in the opinion of Prof. Louis D. Hunt, a New York mining engineer and a former professor of mining and metallurgy at Yale university. Canada is now third, says Prof. Hunt, after a prolonged study of the Dominion's gold districts, reports his conclusion in the official journal of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers. Canada's output of gold is increasing rapidly, he says, while in the United States since 1915 there has been a rapid decline. "Few Americans," the professor declares, "have any notion of the great developments that have been going on in the country north of our own. It was not so long ago that people in general thought of Canada's future wealth in terms of timber, fish and wheat. In my judgment Canada is destined to become one of the richest countries on earth because of its enormous deposits of gold, silver, nickel and copper."



QUARTER MILLION IN JEWELS STOLEN FROM HOST OF THE PRINCE

New York Sept. 10.—Jewelry valued at \$250,000 were stolen from the home of J. S. Coaden, wealthy oil magnate and race horse owner, at Sands Point, Long Island, on Monday night, it was announced today by Gerald Lusi, head of the investigating company which is in charge of the search for the robbers.

Some of the gems belonged to Lord and Lady Mountbatten, who accompanied the Prince of Wales to this country, and who were guests at the Coaden home.

The Prince has been a dinner and dance guest at the Coaden house.

Alberta Coal Market In Manitoba Is Lost

Winnipeg, Sept. 13.—If Alberta coal is going to hold the position it secured by last year's activities of the operators through Manitoba the movement of fuel will have to commence very soon. Very little Alberta coal is in store throughout this province at present, and retailers are not hopeful of securing supplies in time to meet the first rush of orders.

As a result of the propaganda promoted by the Alberta government and the coal operators for several years, soft varieties from the United States have been almost eliminated from the Manitoba market. In fact many retailers gave up their American agencies when the Alberta fuel began to find a place here. Millions of tons of the best varieties from the Drumheller valley and the Crow mines were marketed here and in the smaller centres of population throughout Manitoba.

This system has been practically destroyed as a result of the labor troubles in the Alberta field. The movement of western coal to Ontario has also been halted. It is a question if the market can ever be recovered. The consumers have lost confidence in the ability of the Alberta operators to supply their demands. There is a representative of the Star mine in Winnipeg at present taking orders. He says his company has a crew of 100 men at work, but the quantity from a single mine will scarcely save the situation in this province.

Business men generally are expressing serious apprehension over this condition, for they wanted to see the millions of dollars previously sent to the States for soft coal kept at home and this was being effected with the dealings with the Alberta operators. Even if the strike is settled between now and the cold weather, it is a question whether the desirable conditions pertaining last year can be resumed.

Look at the label on your paper, and see if you haven't stood off your subscription long enough.

MANY HAVE APPENDICITIS; DON'T KNOW IT

Much so-called stomach trouble is really chronic appendicitis. This can often be relieved by simple glycerine, buckthorn bark, etc., as mixed in Ad-lerka. Most medicines act only on lower bowel but Ad-lerka acts on BOTH upper and lower bowel, and removes all gases and poisons. Brings out matter you never thought was in your system. Excellent for obstinate constipation. Northern Drug Co. Ltd. 2

When The Babies Are Cutting Their Teeth Mother Should Use



When the baby starts to cut its teeth, there is the time that the poor mother is under the stress of great anxiety. The child's bowels become loose and diarrhoea, dysentery, colic, cramps and many other local complaints manifest themselves; the gums become swollen; cankers form in the mouth, and in many cases the child wastes away to a shadow and eventually death ensues. On the first sign of any bowel trouble is the time that the mother should use "Dr. Fowler's," and, perhaps save the baby's life.

Mrs. F. F. Burger, Jr., Detroit, Ont., writes:—"My baby boy was very sick with diarrhoea and cramps in his stomach when he was cutting his teeth. I tried several remedies, but without any results until my druggist advised me to use Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry. I just gave him a few doses, and in a couple of days he was as well as he could be. I wish to thank you very much for your useful remedy. I will never be without it in my home."

When the Old Squire Held Court

(Continued from Page 6)

mind, Audison rose quietly, put his back to the door and cocked his rifle. "Now you, Luc Crillon, and you, Phelim Doolan, must each pay fifty dollars," the old squire continued, and opening the envelopes that contained their wages for the winter, he abstracted fifty dollars from each and then bade them take the balance and go at.

Added stood aside, and looking covert and stolen, they passed out by him.

The old squire now called the name of each of the others in turn. "You, were all concerned in this criminal outrage," he continued. "You all tried to lie about it. Every one of you must give Cully twenty dollars from your wages."

He withdrew the money from the envelopes, gave them the balance and sent them out one after another.

The cook and his assistant, who had evidently had nothing to do with the assault on Cully, were paid in full. The old squire bade them prepare dinner as usual for the crew; but on going outside he found that not only Luc and Phelim but all the others had departed, taking the winter road toward the border. Probably they feared they might be detained and arrested.

"I suppose that I hardly acted legally in that affair," the old squire often said afterwards. "Perhaps I laid myself open to the charge of remotely commencing a felony. But I thought at the time I was doing as near right as possible in the difficult circumstances."

He wrote soon afterward to Father Mercur, informing him of what had occurred at the lumber camp and leaving the good old priest to deal as he thought fit with his recalcitrant parishioners.

Cully recovered in the course of a week or two. What he said when the old squire handed him the money was: "Four hundred and twenty dollars! Holy smoke! All that money for five minutes ride in the old wagon! Take me right back up there again, squire!"

"Did you feel very much scared, Cully, when you went over the fall?" "Bigger!" said he. "I was so blarney mad that I couldn't stop to think of it!"

Coal

Coal

Get your coal now and avoid disappointment.
PENN AND DINANT COAL
delivered at the lowest possible prices

Lee G. Kelley

Phone 22

Wetaskiwin

You'll Save Money By Remodeling Now

Every day you delay that needed repairing on your house or barn, the expenses increase in Lumber and Labor. Remember we carry a full line of all Building Material at reasonable prices. Just received a new car of Plaster; and a fresh car of Cement. Call in and we will be glad to show you our Coast Finish.

The Imperial Lumber Co. Ltd.

PHONE 12.

WM. BERRY, MGR.

The Wetaskiwin Garage

MASSIE and EXIDE BATTERY Service Station

MOBILE and POLARINE OILS

Repairing and Oxy-Acetylene Welding
24 Hour Service

AUTO LIVERY AT ALL HOURS

Chevrolet and Ford Service

E. E. NESS

Proprietor

Constipation is the arch-enemy of health

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Conquer the enemy of constipation and you rout a whole army of physical ills, including indigestion, biliousness, sick headache, sleeplessness and nervous dyspepsia. Beecham's Pills have been a world-wide favorite laxative for over 80 years. They go straight to the cause of many ills and remove it. They act promptly, pleasantly and surely. Purely vegetable, harmless, non-habit-forming. These time-tested pills strengthen the stomach, stimulate the liver and

Relieve Constipation!

Sold Everywhere in Canada

O. I. C. MELLETT & CO.

Wetaskiwin's Up-to-date Sheet Metal Workers and Furnace Men are still on the Job.

Save Money by Seeing Our Lines of

PIPE and PIPELESS FURNACES

Stock Tanks and Tank Heaters always on hand
All jobbing attended to while you wait

WETASKIWIN ALTA.

For the

Cocktail

Delicious

The Gin you will use for again!

The Standard of purity for over 100 Years!

HILLS & UNDERWOOD

London Dry Gin

This advertisement is not published or displayed by the Liquor Control Board or the Government of Alberta.

On The Move

LIKE the "standing army" that "just stood," goods that remain on the shelf are expensive luxuries to any merchant.

ADVERTISING is the force that moves slow sellers from counter to customer. Every advertisement is a salesman of proven ability, reaching every class, creed and sex in the community.

The set-up of an Advertisement is as important as the dress of a salesman. In "THE WETASKIWIN TIMES" special attention is given to Advertising set-up. In our columns

"An Advertisement Is An Invitation"

Issued by Can. Weekly Newspapers Association.

Variety Bargains

LARGE SIZE
WASH BOILERS \$1.95

Smith's Variety Store

The City Meat Market

Good fresh meats of all kinds always on hand
Choiceest
BEEF, VEAL, PORK, LAMB, AND CHICKENS
Fresh Salmon, Halibut and Cod every Friday
Best Service in City

F. T. KIRSTEIN

PHONE 3

HOLDEN FARMER HAS 200 ACRES OF OATS VALUED AT \$20,000.00

The results of well planned farming methods carried on in this section of Alberta, even in adverse seasons like the present, are demonstrated in the following particular case:

Mr. Chris. Christenson, a Danish farmer, who owns a half section a few miles north of Holden, sowed two hundred acres last spring to Banner Oats. The land was well summer fallowed and the seed the best that could be procured.

Last week Mr. Christenson completed harvesting this field of oats and entered into a deal with one of the largest seed houses in Canada, Steele Bros. & Co., for the sale of the entire crop when threshed. It is understood that the consideration which he will receive is \$1.50 a bushel delivered at the elevator.

Those who are in a position to know state that the yield of the two hundred acres will be 20,000 bushels, which would result in a gross return to Mr. Christenson of \$30,000.

TIME TO LEAVE

The inspector put question after question to the boys, and was delighted with the results.

"Well," he said at last, "is there any boy who would like to ask me something?"

He looked about and at last a small boy at the back put his hand up.

"Yes, my boy, what is it?" he asked indulgently.

"Please, sir," came a tired voice, "what time does your train leave?"

A large shipment of "whale feathers" from Alaska passed through Toronto recently to find places on the hats of the women of this continent and Europe. "Whale feathers" which are known to the millinery trade as ostrich floss, are the hair-like filaments from the food straining apparatus of the Arctic whale. They are from four to eight feet in length and retain their curl indefinitely. These "whale feathers" when retined, cut, and colored, are used as a substitute for ostrich plumes.

ANGUS THEATRE

3—NIGHTS—3

Mon., Tues., Wed., Sept. 22, 23, 24th.

HAROLD LLOYD

in

"GIRL SHY"

This is the Comedy Sensation of all time, and by far the best picture yet produced by this popular actor.

Prices: Adults 50c; Students, 30c; Children 10c.
(Tax extra)

HILLSIDE

Mr. and Mrs. C. L. March are leaving this week by motor for points in North Dakota and Ontario. They intend to return to their farm in the spring.

The regular monthly meeting of the U.F.A. was held on Saturday evening. The delegates to the recent convention gave excellent reports.

The Junior U.F.A. and U.F.W.A. will hold their next meeting at the home of Mrs. H. Marr on Saturday evening at 8.30 p.m.

Rally Day service will be held on Sunday, September 28th.

YEOfORD

The second annual Red Cross fair and sports were held on Sept. 12th, and was a marked success.

The exhibits were of a very high order and the competition in some of the classes was very keen. The weather was all that could be desired.

The baseball game was won by the Yeoford green rocks, the game being keenly contested. Capt. N. A. MacEachern acted as umpire.

A dance was held in the Red Cross hall at night and a real good time was held. The music was supplied by M. Ammonson and T. Hansen.

Jimmie Koblish, who has been visiting his sister, Mrs. Jack Routledge of Venham aVille, returned to Wetaskiwin on Saturday last.

Constable Mack, A.P.P., has been called to Nordegg for strike duty.

RAILWAY AGE LIMIT ALLOWS FAMILIES OF 13 FREE TRANSPORTATION

St. Paul, Sept. 16.—The railway order of "children under five carried free" worked well for Mrs. Frank Scott, Jewell, Iowa, who passed here on Sunday with 13 children all under the age limit, en route to Regina, Sask. The woman travelled on "one adult" ticket. She carried the family able to prove their age. Her family totals 19.

WILL REDUCE OGDEN SHOP STAFF BY 700

Calgary, Sept. 15.—Seven hundred men employed in the C.P.R. Ogden shops here will be permanently dismissed from their employment as the result of a vote recently taken by C.P.R. shopmen travelling on Canada on the matter of preference as to periodic shutdowns or permanent reduction of the staff. The staff voted in favor of a permanent reduction, and 700 men employed in the Ogden shops are scheduled to be dismissed before the end of the present month.

FIVE LAWYERS DISBARRED

Five Alberta lawyers are disbarred as a result of the meeting of the benchers of the Law Society held in Edmonton on Thursday, Friday and Saturday of last week.

Those losing their gowns as a result of this action are: Edward E. McCulloch, Edmonton; George W. Jassie, Edmonton; Roy Clarke Murphy, Daysland; James O. Campbell, Calgary, and J. Vincent Power, of Trochu.

There are at least five other complaints pending before the benchers and these must be investigated before the next regular meeting in January, when the benchers will deal with them.

The Willing Workers of Knox Presbyterian church will hold their annual Tea and Sale of Home Cooking on Saturday, September 27, in the Sunday School room.

R. H. Asp has purchased a section of land, five miles west of New Norway, formerly known as the Keeler place, from Mr. Shantz. In the transaction, Mr. Shantz comes into possession of Mr. Asp's house in Camrose, and a quarter section of land north of Camrose. Mr. Asp will be assisted in his farming activities by his two brothers. The farm has over four hundred acres in crop and has considerable stock, including hogs, cattle and horses.—Canadian.

BORN

DURRELL.—At Calgary, on Sept. 19th, to Mr. and Mrs. C. L. Durrell, a daughter.

MOONEN.—At Millet, on the 16th inst., to Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Moonen, a son.

BUSINESS LOCALS

**Get ready for Harold Lloyd, in "Girl Shy" at the Angus Theatre, on Monday, Tuesday and Wednesday, Sept. 22, 23 and 24. This is by far the best picture ever produced by Harold Lloyd. Admission, 10c, 20c and 50c. Tax extra.

**Printed cards "For Sale" and "For Rent", at The Times Office.

TOWN TOPICS

Arnold Gardner of Edmonton South spent the week-end in the city renewing acquaintances.

Mr. and Mrs. G. M. James left Sunday on a motor trip to Montana, where they will visit relatives and other friends.

Miss Bessie Mellett, nurse-in-training in the hospital at Lamont, arrived home a few days ago to spend her vacation.

W. J. Loggie returned a few days ago after spending his vacation with friends and relatives in the maritime provinces.

Mr. and Mrs. John Olson, who have been spending the summer here, left for their home at Canoe, B.C., on Wednesday morning.

The friends of Mrs. McPhail are glad to learn that she is somewhat improved, as she took a turn for the better a few days ago.

A Rummage Sale will take place at Owen's Corner on Saturday, September 27th, when coats and other warm clothing will be offered.

Mr. Tiffin of Provost, arrived in the city the first of the week to accept a position as manager of the grocery department of the Royal Market.

The Millet school fair is to be held today (Thursday) on the Millet school grounds. Quite a number of Wetaskiwin residents are planning to attend.

Miss Lillian Goodwin of Dryden and Mr. Ralph Walker of the Imperial Bank, Regina, were the week-end guests of Mrs. H. C. R. Walker.

Thomas Willows of Doreville was in the city the first of the week looking after business affairs and shaking hands with many old-time friends.

The winter train schedule was inaugurated on the C.P.R. on Sunday last. There is very little change in the times of trains at Wetaskiwin.

The Ladies' Aid of the Methodist church will hold a tea and food sale in Murray's Ice Cream Parlor on Saturday of this week, September 20th.

Mr. and Mrs. Reburn, who have been spending the holidays with their friends here, and taking a trip through the mountains, left for their home in Saskatchewan on Monday.

Several parties of citizens were out the fore part of the week in quest of the wily duck. Ducks are rather scarce in the district this season, and the bags brought in are not large.

The Women's Missionary Society and the Mission Band of the Methodist church will hold a bazaar and sale of food on Saturday, December 14th. Particulars later.

The weather is now ideal for harvesting and cutting in the district is expected to be completed in a few days. Threshing will in all probability commence the end of this week.

The members of the Wetaskiwin Women's Institute motored out to Angus Ridge on Thursday afternoon of last week and had a delightful time as guests of the Angus Ridge Institute.

A convention of representatives of the Liberal Associations of Alberta is being held in Calgary on Thursday of this week, to make arrangements for provincial organization purposes. Messrs. H. J. Montgomery and J. J. Christopher will be among the delegates.

Dr. P. Gleiss and Baron Stackelberg who are travelling through the west getting first hand information as to the conditions of the German settlers who located here during the past few months, were in Wetaskiwin the fore part of the week. They were accompanied by Rev. J. Zaetschky of Calgary.

An unfortunate accident happened to the young son of Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Thomas on Thursday of last week when he fell on the cement sidewalk and in some peculiar manner broke both bones of one of his limbs midway between the ankle and the knee. As he was taken home in an automobile and given immediate attention, it is hoped that the little fellow will recover without any serious difficulty.

The meeting of the W.C.T.U. at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Mellett on Tuesday evening developed into quite a surprise party when it was discovered that the date was the twenty-fifth anniversary of the host and hostess. During the evening Mrs. Mellett was made a life member of the organization. After a dainty luncheon, Rev. W. H. Irwin proposed the toast to Mr. and Mrs. Mellett, and everyone present joined in heartily wishing them many more years of happy married life together.

CHURCH CHIMES

IMMANUEL CHURCH
Sunday, Sept. 21.—
Evening service at 7.30 p.m.
Sunday school at 2.30 p.m.

CHURCH OF ENGLAND

Service at Mr. Frank Cole's on Sunday, September 21st, at 3 p.m.
At Millet, on Sunday, September 28th, at 11 o'clock. Holy Communion and Harvest Thanksgiving service.
Rev. A. B. Lane.

METHODIST CHURCH

Sunday, Sept. 21.—
Big Evening attraction at 7.30. Recital by Miss Elizabeth Harris of her own poem, "The Life of Jesus." Promosely illustrated by lantern slides.
Monday evening at 8 o'clock, Miss Harris will again appear in recital of her own poem, "The Trail of the Lingerer Red Men," a romance of the Indian legends. Also illustrated by slides. Admission 25c and 10c.
The Sunday school teachers and officers will meet at the home of Mrs. J. A. Rodell, on Tuesday evening, at 8.30.

SALVATION ARMY

Sunday, Holiness meeting, 11 a.m.
Young People's meeting, 3 p.m.
Salvation meeting, 7.30 p.m.
Tuesday and Thursday, Public meetings, 8 p.m.

Capt. V. Barker.
Lieut. Y. Poole.

We are now launching out on our annual Harvest Festival Effort. The dates being Sept. 15th to 29th.

The officers of the local corps will be collecting and we look forward to a generous response from the people of Wetaskiwin and district. Vegetables, fruit, home cooking and money are acceptable. The sale will be announced later.

SCANDINAVIAN BAPTIST

P. M. Meyer, Minister
Sunday, Sept. 21.—
Wetaskiwin, Sunday school and bible class, 11 a.m.

Swedish service, 8 p.m.
Service at Haultain school 11 a.m.

Baptismal service will be held at Battle River, east of Nashville Baptist church at 2 p.m. After Baptismal service, communion service will be held at the church.

Wednesday, 8.30 p.m. prayer meeting at New Sweden.

Thursday afternoon, Ladies' Aid meeting at Mrs. Strommen's.

Thursday, 8 p.m. Prayer meeting in the Wetaskiwin church.

KNOX PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Minister, Rev. A. L. Elliott, M.A., B.D.
Sunday, Sept. 21.—
11 a.m.—"Our Children."

2.30 p.m.—Sunday school and bible class.

7.30 p.m.—"My Faith."

Wednesday, 7.30 a.m. teacher training class and prayer meeting.

The sacrament of Baptism will be administered at the morning service if required.

Teachers of the Sunday school, children and parents are specially invited to attend the morning service each Sunday.

The sacrament of the Lord's Supper will be observed Sept. 29th, at the morning service.

A recital with 101 beautifully colored slides will be given in the church Friday, Sept. 19th, at 8 p.m. by Elizabeth Harris, subject, "In the Trail of the Lingerer Red Men." Admission, Adults 25c, Children, 10c.

THE EFFECT OF ALCOHOL ON THE HUMAN SYSTEM

SECOND PRIZE—GRADE V
RALPH OAKES

Alcohol is a poison and will take a drunkard's life away too soon. There are gin, rum and whisky, but they are all alcohol.

Alcohol hurts the brain, and a man that drinks alcohol is never very intelligent. Alcohol burns the mouth, the throat and the intestines. Alcohol causes a dilation of the capillaries over the system. How often do we hear of excessive drinkers having attacks of severe cold, pleurisy and inflammation of the lungs, which if not immediately fatal may lead on to the most dreadful diseases.

Alcohol when in the blood is not purified and goes back into the system already loaded with the impurities it is intended to pick up. Alcohol weakens the bones and makes them soft. It takes the saliva or sticky juices that is inside the bone and gives them together. It is a drunkard's bone is broken sometimes it will not heal right, or maybe take months to heal.

A drunkard's body is all red inside. Alcohol affects the bone and the bone will not grow. Alcohol also affects the heart and the skin. Alcohol will make the heart pump one thousand times more in twenty-four hours. Alcohol will fill the pores of the skin and the air cannot get in.

The ads are your invitation to the stores of aggressive and successful business men.

Specials THIS WEEK

Free!

Small bottle of the famous Syrup of Pepsin. Sign your coupon cut from the booklet distributed by us this week.

25c Peroxide, Special 19c
40c Peroxide, Special 29c
\$1.00 Eno's Fruit Salts,
special at per bottle 89c
50c Pepsodent, Spec. 45c

Fancy Rubber Aprons
60c Chocolates, Spec. 47c
50c Fudge, Special .. 39c
6 School Scribbles .. 25c

Cooke Drug Co.

Wetaskiwin

Combination Auction Sale

SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 20

At 2.30 p.m., on the lot next to the Post Office

The undersigned Auctioneers will offer for sale a miscellaneous lot of Farm and Household Goods
F. J. & C. J. KLAAS AUCTIONEERS

Big Opening Sale at

DOMINION FURNITURE EXCHANGE

Now on and Continues until September 30th.

Everything Offered at Greatly Reduced Prices
Furniture, Bedding, Stoves, Chairs, Harness, and nearly everything required on the farm.

Remember the Place. Next to Telephone Office

Brink's Meat Market

U.F.A. BLOCK

Your Phone Call receives our Best Service.

We Deliver the Goods.

Phone 34

Meats Only.

Cash Only

For the Choicest and Freshest Groceries

GET YOUR ORDER FILLED AT THE U. F. A. STORE

THE FRUIT SEASON

The Fresh Fruit Season is almost over. Get your requirements during the next ten days and avoid disappointment.

COAL

We handle the well known Humberstone Coal
Double Screened Lump, per ton, delivered \$7.50
Eggs Coal, per ton, delivered \$6.50

Highest Market Prices for Farm Produce

THE U. F. A. STORE

Phone 32

Wetaskiwin